

Port of Seattle Regular Commission Meeting

October 28, 2025



COMMISSION REGULAR MEETING AGENDA

October 28, 2025

To be held virtually via MS Teams and in person at the Seattle-Tacoma International Airport – Conference Center, International Room, located at 17801 International Blvd, Seattle WA, Mezzanine Level. You may view the full meeting live at meetings.portseattle.org. To listen live, call in at +1 (206) 800-4046 or (833) 209-2690 and Conference ID 319 639 133#

ORDER OF BUSINESS

10:30 a.m.

- 1. CALL TO ORDER
- **2. EXECUTIVE SESSION** if necessary, pursuant to RCW 42.30.110 (executive sessions are not open to the public)
- 12:00 p.m. PUBLIC SESSION

Reconvene or Call to Order and Pledge of Allegiance

- **3. APPROVAL OF THE AGENDA** (at this time, commissioners may reorder, add, or remove items from the agenda)
- 4. SPECIAL ORDERS OF THE DAY
- 5. EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S REPORT
- 6. COMMITTEE REPORTS
- 7. **PUBLIC COMMENT** procedures available online at https://www.portseattle.org/page/public-comment-port-commission-meetings

During the regular order of business, those wishing to provide public comment (in accordance with the Commission's bylaws) on Commission agenda items or on topics related to the conduct of Port business will have the opportunity to:

- 1) Deliver public comment via email: All written comments received by email to commission-public-records@portseattle.org will be distributed to commissioners and attached to the approved minutes. Written comments are accepted three days prior to the meeting and before 9.a.m. on the day of the meeting. Late written comments received after the meeting, but no later than the day following the meeting, will be included as part of the meeting record.
- 2) Deliver public comment via phone or Microsoft Teams conference: To take advantage of this option, please email commission-public-records@portseattle.org with your name and agenda item or topic related to the conduct of Port business you wish to speak to by 9:00 a.m. PT on Tuesday, October 28, 2025. (Please be advised that public comment is limited to agenda items and topics related to the conduct of Port business only.) You will then be provided with instructions and a link to join the Teams meeting.
- 3) Deliver public comment in person by signing up to speak on your arrival to the physical meeting location: To take advantage of this option, please arrive at least 15 minutes prior to the start of any regular meeting to sign-up on the public comment sheet available at the entrance to the meeting room to speak on agenda items and topics related to the conduct of Port business.

For additional information, please contact <u>commission-public-records@portseattle.org.</u>

- **8. CONSENT AGENDA** (consent agenda items are adopted by one motion without discussion)
 - 8a. Approval of the Special Meeting Minutes and Regular Meeting Minutes of October 14, 2025. (no enclosure)
 - 8b. Approval of the Claims and Obligations for the Period of September 1, 2025, through September 30, 2025, Including Accounts Payable Check Nos. 959757 through 960163 in the Amount of \$9,038,050.38; Accounts Payable ACH Nos. 077290 through 078131 in the Amount of \$119,800,058.15; Electronic Fund Transfer Nos. 069517 through 069527 in the Amount of \$8,416,886.22; Payroll Check Nos. 229549 through 1275687 in the Amount of \$133,961.61; and Payroll ACH Nos. 1272512 through 1277586 in the Amount of \$18,965,977.55, for Total Payments of \$156,354,933.91. (memo enclosed)
 - 8c. Authorization for the Executive Director to Advertise and Execute a Construction Contract for Snow Storage Expansion Phase II Adjacent to the Industrial Wastewater System Lagoon 3 in the Requested Amount of \$14,403,000, for a Total Estimated Project Cost of \$24,800,000. (CIP #C801171) (memo and presentation enclosed)
 - 8d. Authorization for the Executive Director to Advertise and Execute a Major Public Works Construction Contract for the Building 161E Renovation Project at Seattle-Tacoma International Airport in the Requested Amount of \$10,891,000, for a Total Project Authorization of \$13,989,000. (CIP #C801179) (memo and presentation enclosed)
 - 8e. Authorization for the Executive Director to Increase the Project Budget by \$225,000 for a Final Revised Total Budget of \$2,115,000 for the Rental Car Facility Quick Turn-Around Boiler Skids 1 and 2 Replacement. (CIP #C801325) (memo enclosed)
 - 8f. Authorization for the Executive Director to Execute a Term Lease Agreement with Pacific Cruise Ship Terminals LLC (Metro Cruise) for Smith Cove Cruise Terminal at Pier 91, for a Proposed Lease Term of Five Years with a Five Year Option to Extend, Effective November 1, 2025. (memo and presentation enclosed)

9. UNFINISHED BUSINESS

10. NEW BUSINESS

10a. Adoption of Resolution No 3838: A Resolution of the Port of Seattle Commission Establishing a Revised Welcoming Port Policy Directive and Amending Resolution No. 3747, in Order to Demonstrate the Port's Ongoing Commitment to Supporting Immigrants, Refugees, and International Visitors In Line with the Port's Mission and Values. (memo, resolution and presentation enclosed)

10b. Authorization for the Executive Director to Advertise and Execute Two Construction Contracts for 2026 Airfield Projects and Limited Utility Installation Scope in the S Concourse Evolution Program Located in the S Concourse Taxilane Between the Southwest Corner of the S Concourse and the Cargo 7 Hardstand Area; and to Authorize Use of Port Crews for Abatement Work in the Requested Amount of \$73,040,000, for a Total Estimated Project Cost of \$400,000,000. (CIP #s C801379 and C801203) (memo and presentation enclosed)

11. PRESENTATIONS AND STAFF REPORTS

- 11a. Sustainable Airport Master Plan Near-Term Projects Final National Environmental Policy Act Environmental Assessment, Federal Aviation Administration Finding of No Significant Impact, Record of Decision, and State Environmental Policy Act Next Steps. (memo and presentation enclosed)
- 11b. 2026 Aviation Division Capital Budget Briefing. (memo and presentation enclosed)
- 11c. Briefing on the Tax Levy and Draft Plan of Finance for 2026-2030. (memo and presentation enclosed)
- 12. QUESTIONS on REFERRAL to COMMITTEE and CLOSING COMMENTS
- 13. ADJOURNMENT



P.O. Box 1209 Seattle, Washington 98111 www.portseattle.org 206.787.3000

APPROVED MINUTES COMMISSION SPECIAL MEETING

October 14, 2025

The Port of Seattle Commission met in a special meeting per RCW 42.30.080 on October 14, 2025. The meeting was held at the Port of Seattle Headquarters Building Commission Chambers, located at 2711 Alaskan Way, Seattle, Washington. Commissioner Cho was absent and excused from attendance.

1. CALL to ORDER

The meeting convened at 9:04 a.m. by Commission President Toshiko Hasegawa for the purpose of holding a budget study session for the 2026 Aviation Operating and Capital Budget.

2. ITEM OF BUSINESS

Aviation Division Finance and Budget Director, Hiedi Popochock, Interim Aviation Managing Director, Arif Ghouse; and Jeff Wolf, Director of Aviation Commercial Management, presented.

The presentation addressed:

- the Port's strategy to achieving its budget; strategic priorities; an overview of the 2026 Aviation budget 2026 operating and capital; and equity in spending highlights;
- portwide strategic alignment under the Century Agenda;
- SEA's mission and vision;
- priorities in 2026;
- enplanement forecasting in the 2026 budget shows conservative growth compared to 2025;
- growing baseline costs (primarily payroll);
- increase capital capacity managing growth of costs and consistently growing nonaeronautical revenues;
- 2026 operating budget uncertainties and risks;
- a summary of operating revenues in 2026;
- capital program spending \$5M higher in 2026;
- the total airport expense summary;
- budget requests by business plan category;
- largest approved budget requests;
- 2026 Aviation budget full-time employees;
- aeronautical net operating income;
- non-aeronautical net operating income;
- 2026 Commission aviation budget priorities;

Digital recordings of the meeting proceedings and meeting materials are available online – <u>www.portseattle.org</u>.

PORT COMMISSION SPECIAL MEETING MINUTES TUESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 2025

- equity in spending highlights; and
- 2026 aviation budget key takeaways.

Executive Director Metruck provided a presentation regarding Capital Delivery.

The presentation addressed:

- growing the Port of the future;
- operational and construction jobs generated by and through the airport;
- new facilities needed to sustain operations;
- expanding economic activity;
- creating additional jobs; and
- creating a foundation for future revenue;
- affordability factors;
- capital delivery improvements;
- improved capital execution;
- budget/schedule for maritime and aviation;
- hard costs vs. soft costs;
- emphasizing long-range planning and prioritization, including for revenue;
- alternative delivery methods and finance strategies;
- regional owners' collaboration; and
- integrating technology to improve efficiency.

It was noted that the full Capital Improvement Program briefing is scheduled for October 28, 2025.

Discussion ensued regarding:

- declining parking revenues and methods to market the Port's services when there is a drop in revenue;
- increasing traffic to SEA's online applications for reservations;
- being able to look at data, for example, ascertaining how much light rail increased use explain parking revenue decline, and attaining empirical data around the use of private vehicle drop-offs;
- potentially exploring options like dynamic pricing with reserved parking;
- receiving the tracking parameters for ascertaining that public parking is down;
- revenue shortfalls in non-aeronautical creating pressure with respect to debt service to capital;
- exploring sponsorship opportunities;
- augmenting the airport's volunteer program during FIFA World Cup and advertising for clients for World Cup through Clear Channel;
- costs of supplies for construction projects and strategizing around ordering long-term material in advance project by project; and
- streamlining permitting in major capital construction.

Executive Director Metruck stated that additional information would come forward regarding additional sources of revenue.

3. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

Prepared:	Attest:		
Michelle M. Hart, Commission Clerk	Sam Cho, Commission Secretary		

Minutes approved: October 28, 2025

The meeting adjourned at 10:26 a.m.



COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

Item No. 8b

ACTION ITEM

Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: October 13, 2025

TO: Steve Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Eloise Olivar, Assistant Director of Disbursements

SUBJECT: Claim and Obligations – September 2025

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Port Commission approval of the Port Auditor's payment of the salaries and claims of the Port pursuant to RCW 42.24.180 for payments issued during the period September 01 through 30, 2025 as follows:

Payment Type	Payment Reference	Payment Reference	Amount
	Start Number	End Number	
Accounts Payable Checks	959757	960163	\$9,038,050.38
Accounts Payable ACH	077290	078131	\$119,800,058.15
Accounts Payable Electronic Fund	069517	069527	\$8,416,886.22
Transfers (EFT)			
Payroll Checks	229549	1275687	\$133,961.61
Payroll ACH	1272512	1277586	\$18,965,977.55
Total Payments			\$156,354,933.91

Pursuant to RCW 42.24.180, "the Port's legislative body" (the Commission) is required to approve in a public meeting, all payments of claims within one month of issuance.

OVERSIGHT

All these payments have been previously authorized either through direct Commission action or delegation of authority to the Executive Director and through his or her staff. Detailed information on Port expenditures is provided to the Commission through comprehensive budget presentations as well as the publicly released Budget Document, which provides an even greater level of detail. The Port's operating and capital budget is approved by resolution in December for the coming fiscal year, and the Commission also approves the Salary and Benefit Resolution around the same time to authorize pay and benefit programs. Notwithstanding the Port's budget approval, individual capital projects and contracts exceeding certain dollar thresholds are also subsequently brought before the Commission for specific authorization prior to commencement of the project or contract - if they are below the thresholds the Executive Director is delegated authority to approve them. Expenditures are monitored against budgets monthly by management and reported comprehensively to the Commission quarterly.

Effective internal controls over all Port procurement, contracting and disbursements are also in place to ensure proper central oversight, delegation of authority, separation of duties, payment approval and documentation, and signed perjury statement certifications for all payments. Port disbursements are also regularly monitored against spending authorizations. All payment transactions and internal controls are subject to periodic Port internal audits and annual external audits conducted by both the State Auditor's Office and the Port's independent auditors.

For the month of September 2025, over \$137,254,994.75 in payments were made to nearly 678 vendors, comprised of 2,427 invoices and over 8,679 accounting expense transactions. About 95 percent of the accounts payable payments made in the month fall into the Construction, Employee Benefits, Contracted Services, Payroll Taxes, Utility Expenses, Janitorial Services, Sales Taxes, Software, Room-Space-Land Rental and Miscellaneous Expense. Net payroll expense for the month of September was \$19,099,939.16.

Top 10 Payment Category Summary:

Category	Payment Amount		
Construction	94,474,824.77		
Employee Benefits	12,622,290.92		
Contracted Services	8,904,457.21		
Payroll Taxes	3,780,187.32		
Utility Expenses	3,306,896.64		
Janitorial Services	2,383,297.52		
Sales Taxes	2,026,434.79		
Software	1,524,431.18		
Room/Space/Land Rental	1,001,576.71		
Miscellaneous Expense	849,789.18		
Other Categories Total:	6,380,808.51		
Net Payroll	19,099,939.16		
Total Payments	\$156,354,933.91		

Appropriate and effective internal controls are in place to ensure that the above obligations were processed in accordance with Port of Seattle procurement/payment policies and delegation of authority.

Lisa Lam/Port Auditor

At a meeting of the Port Commission held on October 28, 2025, it is hereby moved that, pursuant to RCW 42.24.180, the Port Commission approves the Port Auditor's payment of the above salaries and claims of the Port:

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	Port Co	mmiss	sion	



COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

ACTION ITEM Date of Meeting

ate of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: October 17, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Eileen Francisco, Director Aviation Project Management

Keri Stephens, Director, Aviation Facilities and Capital Programs

SUBJECT: Snow Storage Expansion Phase II Construction Authorization

Amount of this request: \$14,403,000 Total estimated project cost: \$24,800,000

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to advertise and execute a construction contract for Snow Storage Expansion Phase II (C801171) adjacent to the Industrial Wastewater System (IWS) Lagoon 3.

The amount of this authorization request is \$14,403,000 with the total project value at \$24,800,000.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Snow Storage Expansion project expands the laydown area available for stockpiling and managing snow on the airfield during winter storm events to meet the operational and FAA certification needs. The Lagoon 3 snow storage site, in conjunction with the constructed North and South snow storage sites, will provide snow storage capacity for a 12" precipitation event on the airfield ramp. Snowmelt runoff containing aircraft deicers will be routed to the Port's IWS for treatment meeting regulatory requirements.

JUSTIFICATION

The Lagoon 3 Snow Storage Site constitutes the final and essential phase of the broader Snow Storage Expansion Project, which is a key infrastructure initiative aimed at enhancing the airport's ability to manage winter weather impacts. This site has been specifically designed to accommodate the accumulation and controlled handling of snow volumes generated by a 12-inch precipitation event across the airfield ramp, a critical operational area for aircraft movement and ground handling activities.

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Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

By providing dedicated snow storage capacity in this location, the project significantly strengthens the airport's overall winter operations resilience. It minimizes the risk of weather-related operational disruptions, particularly those affecting airline schedules and ramp logistics, and supports continuous airfield availability during major snow events. The infrastructure is engineered to collect and channel meltwater along with any associated deicing chemicals into the Port's IWS, thereby ensuring full compliance with the Port's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES) permit requirements and advancing the airport's environmental stewardship objectives.

The completion of Lagoon 3 not only fulfills regulatory and operational needs but also delivers measurable benefits in terms of public safety, environmental protection, and service reliability.

Diversity in Contracting

The project staff, in coordination with the Diversity in Contracting Department, have set goals for this contract. This contract is not federally funded and as such will include a 12% Woman and Minority Business Enterprise (WMBE) aspirational goal.

DETAILS

This contract will involve limited interface with other projects and airline operations. Continual coordination, where required, with Airport Operations, Airlines, and related Tenants will ensure the least possible operational impact during construction.

Scope of Work

This scope of work in Phase II covers the development of the Lagoon 3 Snow Storage Site, which will supplement the North and South Snow Storage Sites constructed in Phase I.

Site Grading and Laydown Area Expansion:

Earthwork and grading will be performed to create a stable, appropriately sized laydown area suitable for the stockpiling, handling, and controlled melting of collected snow. The design will ensure drainage compatibility and structural resilience for continuous snow management operations.

Meltwater Collection and Conveyance System:

The site will be equipped with infrastructure to collect meltwater and associated deicing chemicals and direct these flows to the existing Port IWS. This system will be designed to comply with NPDES permit requirements for water quality and discharge standards.

Access Improvements – Vehicle Service Road, Gate, and Perimeter Fence:

Modifications will be made to the existing vehicle service road at the site entrance to achieve appropriate roadway geometry and surface grading. The perimeter gate and fencing will be

COMMISSION AGENDA – Action Item No. 8c

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

widened and upgraded to accommodate large snow handling equipment, ensuring safe and efficient site access under winter operational conditions.

Perimeter Intrusion Detection System (PIDS) Modifications:

Existing PIDS infrastructure located near the modified gate area will be adjusted to maintain the integrity of the airport's perimeter security system. All adjustments will be coordinated to ensure no disruption to current security monitoring capabilities.

Site Lighting Installation:

New lighting fixtures will be installed at strategic locations to support safe nighttime and low-visibility snow management activities. The lighting design will comply with airport standards minimizing glare and light spill.

Schedule

Activity

Commission construction authorization	2025 Quarter 4
Construction start	2026 Quarter 2
In-use date	2026 Quarter 4

Cost Breakdown	This Request	Total Project
Design	\$0	\$2,500,000
Construction	\$14,403,000	\$22,300,000
Total	\$14,403,000	\$24,800,000

ALTERNATIVES AND IMPLICATIONS CONSIDERED

As part of the planning and environmental review process for the Snow Storage Expansion Project, the Port conducted a comprehensive alternatives analysis to evaluate a range of viable options for managing snow accumulation on the airfield during major winter storm events. This evaluation considered technical feasibility, regulatory compliance, operational efficiency, environmental impacts, and life-cycle costs.

Alternative 1 – Status Quo

Status quo was considered as a baseline scenario. While this alternative would avoid capital expenditures and reduce infrastructure near sensitive wetland buffer areas, it presents

significant risks, including potential violations of the Port's NPDES permit during heavy snow events if sufficient designated storage areas are not available.

Cost Implications: \$0

Pros:

- (1) The avoidance of capital expenditures, resulting in immediate cost savings for the Port.
- (2) By not constructing new infrastructure, this option minimizes disturbance to areas adjacent to existing wetlands and reduces potential impacts to sensitive wetland buffer zones.

Cons:

(1) Potential NPDES permit violation if snow is stored outside of a snow storage site during heavy snow. NPDES violations could result in immediate fines, costly remediation mandates, long-term operational burden, and strategic risks to capital programs and grant funding.

This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 2 - Snow Melters with Snow Storage Pad

This alternative involves a capital investment of approximately \$26,261,000 for the procurement and installation of snow melting equipment and associated infrastructure, along with ongoing operating expenses, including fuel, maintenance, staffing, and transportation logistics. While the initial capital outlay may appear comparable to the snow storage site alternative, the recurring operational costs over the system's life cycle contribute to a higher total cost of ownership.

Cost Implications: Capital cost of 26,261,000 & annual expense cost

Pros:

- (1) Avoidance of full infrastructure build-out if snow events are infrequent: One potential benefit of deploying snow melters is that the equipment could remain idle in years with lower-than-average snowfall, thereby delaying or avoiding some operational expenses. In such years, the overall expenditure could be lower than for a dedicated snow storage facility that requires ongoing maintenance regardless of snowfall volume.
- (2) Operational flexibility and potential rapid snow removal: Snow melters provide a mechanical means of quickly reducing snow volumes without requiring extensive land area for storage. In certain scenarios, this method may expedite snow disposal compared to traditional haul-and-dump operations, particularly when space is constrained.

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Cons:

- (1) High fuel consumption and long-term operational burden: Snow melters require significant fuel inputs to operate, particularly under heavy load conditions. This leads to substantial greenhouse gas emissions, increased dependency on fuel supply chains, and elevated operating costs. Infrequent use can further degrade equipment life expectancy, resulting in more frequent replacement cycles and higher long-term capital reinvestment needs.
- (2) Infrastructure and site constraints limit feasibility: Port lacks the necessary ramp-side infrastructure and spatial layout to support the effective use of snow melters on or near the airfield. There is insufficient room for the staging, maneuvering, and operation of these units in high-traffic aircraft movement areas. Consequently, snow would still need to be trucked—sometimes long distances—off the ramp to a melting location such as Lagoon 3, thereby negating much of the time and labor savings typically associated with this equipment. This added complexity undermines operational efficiency and adds further logistical burden.

This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 3 – Lagoon 3 Snow Storage

This alternative represents the currently planned approach and carries a total Capital Improvement Program (CIP) cost of \$23,800,000, which includes design, permitting, construction of the Lagoon 3 snow storage site, and integration with the previously constructed North and South sites. While this represents a substantial capital investment, the cost is aligned with the scale of infrastructure needed to meet regulatory and operational demands for airfield snow management.

Cost Implications: Total CIP cost of \$24,800,000

Pros:

- (1) Ensures NPDES regulatory compliance during major snow events: This alternative provides dedicated infrastructure to collect and manage snow and meltwater in a controlled environment, ensuring that runoff containing deicing agents and other pollutants is properly routed to the Port's IWS. This design is purpose-built to maintain full compliance with the Port's NPDES permit, specifically for storm events of up to 12 inches of precipitation—a threshold based on historical snowfall data and operational modeling.
- (2) Improved operational efficiency, reliability, and resilience: Purpose-built snow storage sites significantly improve airfield snow removal efficiency by offering strategically located, high-capacity laydown areas that minimize travel distances for snow-hauling equipment. This reduces turnaround time during active weather events, enhances ramp safety, and improves airline and ground crew operating conditions. The infrastructure also supports 24/7 operations with lighting and access improvements, enabling consistent response during low-visibility or night-time conditions.

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Cons:

(1) Capital costs.

This is the recommended alternative.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Cost Estimate/Authorization Summary	Capital	Expense	Total
COST ESTIMATE			
Original estimate	\$17,450,000	50,000	\$17,500,000
Previous changes	7,300,000	0	7,300,000
AUTHORIZATION			
Previous authorizations	\$10,347,000	\$50,000	\$10,397,000
Current request for authorization	\$14,403,000	0	\$14,403,000
Total authorizations, including this request	\$24,750,000	\$50,000	\$24,800,000
Remaining amount to be authorized	\$0	\$0	\$0

Annual Budget Status and Source of Funds

This project, CIP 801171, was included in the 2025-2029 capital budget and plan of finance with a budget of \$24,750,000. The funding sources include the Airport Development Fund and revenue bonds. This project received Majority-In-Interest (MII) approval from the airlines on October 20, 2021.

Financial Analysis and Summary

Project cost for analysis	\$24,800,000
Business Unit (BU)	Airfield Movement Area
Effect on business performance	NOI after depreciation will increase due to inclusion of
(NOI after depreciation)	capital (and operating) costs in airline rate base
IRR/NPV (if relevant)	N/A
CPE Impact	\$0.08 in 2027

Future Revenues and Expenses (Total cost of ownership)

Aviation Maintenance does not anticipate any material increase in operating expenses as a result of the added pavement surface.

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS REQUEST

(1) Presentation slides

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

October 25, 2022 — The Commission authorized the Executive Director to advertise a construction contract, and include a project labor agreement, for Snow Storage Expansion project Phase 1 at Seattle-Tacoma International Airport (SEA) for a Total Request Amount of \$6,900,000 and a total project authorization of \$10,347,000, and the Estimated Overall Project Cost of \$17,500,000.

October 26, 2021 – The commission authorized the Executive Director to design and prepare construction documents for the Snow Storage Expansion project at Seattle-Tacoma International Airport (SEA) for a Total Request Amount of \$2,500,000 and a Total Project Authorization of \$2,794,000, and the Estimated Overall Project Cost of \$17,500,000.

Item No.	8c_supp
Date of Meeting	October 28, 2025

Snow Storage Expansion Phase II Construction Authorization CIP# C801171

Seattle-Tacoma International Airport



Action Requested

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to advertise and execute a construction contract for Snow Storage Expansion Phase II (CIP# C801171) adjacent to the Industrial Wastewater System (IWS) Lagoon 3.

The total request for this action will be \$14,403,000 for a total project authorization to date of \$24,800,000. The estimated overall cost of the project is \$24,800,000.

Project Overview

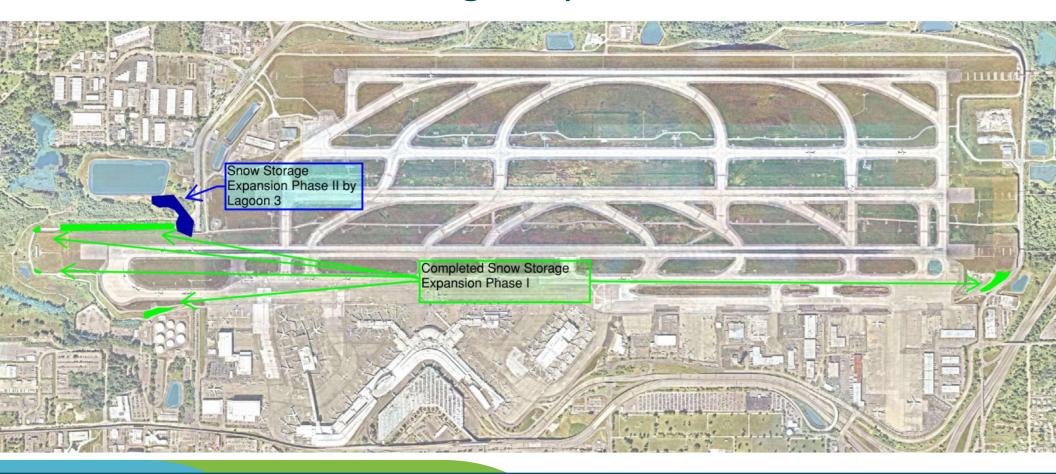
This project is needed to meet regulatory requirements and operational demands for airfield snow management.

- Provide additional snow storage capacity connected to the Industrial Wastewater System (IWS)
 - Historical excess snow storage areas are now occupied by Cargo/Remaining Overnight (RON) aircrafts
 - Snow storage capacity at completion of the project: 12" precipitation event
 - All snow melt areas will be connected to IWS to ensure compliance with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination Systems (NPDES) Permit Compliance
- Increase operational safety for snow operations vehicles
- Reduce operational expenses from rehandling snow

Project Scope

- Phase I Completed in 2023
 - North Snow Storage Area
 - Expand existing asphalt pad and upgrade the IWS Pump Station
 - South Snow Storage Area
 - Expand existing truck turnaround for maneuverability and safety
 - Vehicle Service Road (south and west of RW 16L/34R)
 - Widen asphalt road for snow removal vehicle safety
- Phase II 2026 Construction
 - Construct New Snow Storage Area adjacent to IWS Lagoon 3

Snow Storage Expansion Sites



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Construction Schedule

- Phase II
 - Commission Authorization for Construction Q4 2025
 - Issue Notice to Proceed: Q2 2026
 - In-Service Q4 2026

Budget

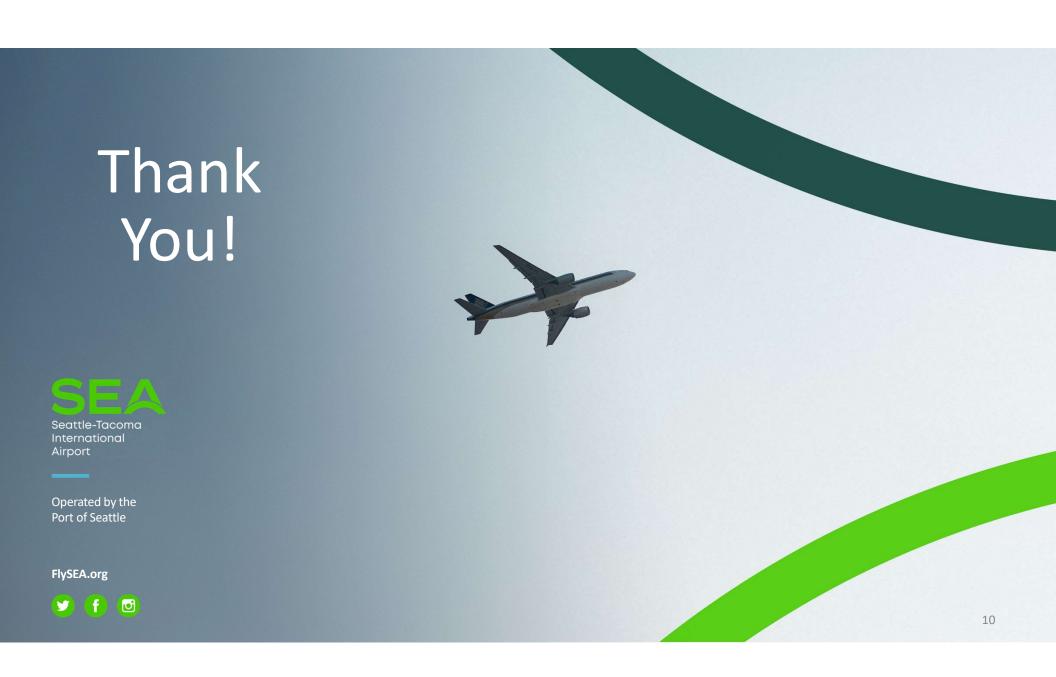
Snow Storage Expansion Project (C801171)	This Request	Total Program
Design	\$0	\$2,500,000
Construction	\$14,403,000	\$22,300,000
Total	\$14,403,000	\$24,800,000

Project Risks

RISK	DESCRIPTION	PROBLEM	IMPACT	MITIGATION PLAN
Weather Delay	Construction may be impacted by inclement weather.	Low •	Med O	Include additional time in schedule for weather risks.
Increased Cost	Market conditions may change and result in bids exceeding Port estimate.	Med •	High	Use historical pricing with thoughtful adjustment for current market conditions. Include contingency in the estimate.
Unforeseen Site Conditions	 Possible conditions include: Buried debris Archaeological Unsuitable soil conditions 	Med _	High •	Implement monitoring and action plan for construction for possible discoveries.

Project Opportunities

- Support other program scopes and schedules
 - Airfield Pavement and Supporting Infrastructure Replacement Program
 - Perimeter Intrusion detection System (PIDS)
- Reduce project impacts, schedule and safety risks by avoiding construction in the winter season.





COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

Item No. 8d

ACTION ITEM

Date of Meeting

October 28, 2025

DATE: October 17, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Sabin Mudaliar, Acting Director, Airport Operations

Eileen Francisco, Director, AV Project Management Group

SUBJECT: Building 161E Renovation Construction Authorization (CIP #C801179)

Amount of this request: \$10,891,000 Total requested project cost: \$13,989,000

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to advertise and execute a major public works construction contract for the Building 161E Renovation project at Seattle-Tacoma International Airport. The amount requested under this authorization is \$10,891,000 for a total project authorization of \$13,989,000.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In September 2022, Commission authorized design of this project. Today's request authorizes construction. The Building 161E Renovation project updates building mechanical, lighting, and fire protection systems, improves the building's restrooms and adds an entry management system. This project is necessary to improve operational efficiency and facility maintainability for continued lease revenue. Pending this authorization, construction will begin next year.

JUSTIFICATION

As previously described in the September 2022 request, the building remains difficult (and costly) to maintain and repair as most systems have long exceeded their life cycles. Completing the project will reduce repair calls and expenditures and reduce the risk of system failures. New systems will reduce energy use and improve air quality, supporting the Port's Century Agenda goals.

Diversity in Contracting

The Design contract has achieved 40% WMBE participation. Port staff have established a 10% WMBE aspirational goal for the construction portion of the contract.

DETAILS

Building 161E is an Air Cargo/Multiple-use Port-owned facility built in 1981. This 25,600 square-foot facility serves multiple tenants, including airlines and service providers. This facility consists of approximately 10,000 square feet of warehouse space, 5,000 square feet of Ground Service Equipment (GSE) mechanical repair space, and 10,600 square feet of office space. In 2015, Building 161E reverted to Port ownership upon expiration of a thirty (30) year ground lease.

This building is currently occupied by multiple tenants and is serving multiple needs including air cargo and ground equipment maintenance in an airport environment with limited land use options. Moving tenants to other facilities is infeasible as such facilities either do not exist or are at full capacity. Therefore, this building will need to remain open and operational during construction. Construction will need to be phased.

Scope of Work

Building upgrades include:

- (1) Replacing building's heating and cooling systems with higher efficiency systems
- (2) Replacing underperforming and failing windows, skylights, and doors.
- (3) Upgrading existing lighting to LED fixtures.
- (4) Improving restroom fixtures and finishes.
- (5) Installing a means to control access to the building, and
- (6) Providing a new fire alarm panel and alarm devices.

Schedule

Activity

Construction starts	2026 Quarter 2
In-use date	2027 Quarter 3

Cost Breakdown This Request Total Project Design \$0 \$3,098,000 Construction \$10,891,000 \$10,891,000 Total \$10,891,000 \$13,989,000

ALTERNATIVES AND IMPLICATIONS CONSIDERED

Alternative 1 – Construct the project as originally scoped, including additional building amenities as a part of the project.

Cost Implications: \$14,700,000

Pros:

- (1) Office flooring would be replaced with new carpet.
- (2) Locker room new showers would be provided.

Cons:

(1) Additional budget would be required.

This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 2 – Construct the project as originally budgeted, by removing certain amenities.

Cost Implications: \$13,989,000

Pros:

- (1) Budget stays within approved amount.
- (2) Building receives needed improvements.

Cons:

(1) Certain building amenities, such as additional carpeting, are not provided. Building functionality is not impacted.

This is the recommended alternative.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

Cost Estimate/Authorization Summary	Capital	Expense	Total
COST ESTIMATE			
Original estimate	\$13,989,000	\$0	\$13,989,000
AUTHORIZATION			
Previous authorizations	\$3,098,000	\$0	\$3,098,000
Current request for authorization	10,891,000	\$0	10,891,000
Total authorizations, including this request	\$13,989,000	\$0	\$13,989,000
Remaining amount to be authorized	\$0	\$0	\$0

Annual Budget Status and Source of Funds

This project, CIP C801179, was included in the 2025-2029 capital budget and plan of finance with a budget of \$13,989,000. The funding sources will be Airport Development Fund (ADF) and Revenue Bonds.

Financial Analysis and Summary

Project cost for analysis	\$13,989,000
Business Unit (BU)	Airfield Commercial Cargo
Effect on business performance	NOI after depreciation will increase
(NOI after depreciation)	
IRR/NPV (if relevant)	NPV \$(1.0M)
	NOI after debt service will be negative between (\$293K
	and \$10K) during 2028-2037.
	NOI after debt service becomes positive in year 13
	(2038).
CPE Impact	N/A

Future Revenues and Expenses (Total cost of ownership)

As a result of this project, Aviation Maintenance will see a reduction in service calls and repairs and an increase in preventive maintenance support. Future lease revenues may increase due to improvements to the building's condition that will make the facility more attractive to tenants.

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS REQUEST

(1) Presentation slides

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

September 13, 2022 – The Commission authorized \$2,900,000 for the design of this project.

Item No.	8d_supp
Date of Meeting	October 28, 2025

Building 161E Renovation Construction Authorization

October 28, 2025 Commission Meeting



SEA Cargo Program

- 1. SEA is the Pacific Northwest region's major hub for air cargo
- 2. In 2024, more than 460,000 metric tons of air cargo moved through SEA, including international commodities valued in excess of \$26 billion
- 3. 14 cargo facilities at SEA total approximately 425,000 square feet, mostly built between the 1970s and 1990s, and are at 100% occupancy
- 4. Many of the cargo buildings are older and have outdated building systems that are beyond their expected lifecycles

Project Location



3

Project Scope

Building upgrades include:

- 1. Replacing warehouse and office heating and cooling systems with higher efficiency system
- 2. Replacing underperforming and failing windows, skylights, and doors
- 3. Upgrading existing lighting to LED fixtures
- 4. Improving restroom fixtures and finishes
- 5. Installing a means to control access to the building, and
- 6. Providing a new fire alarm panel and alarm devices

Existing Conditions

- 1. Building systems (heating and cooling, electrical, fire protection, controls) are past useful life.
- 2. Windows, skylights, and doors are underperforming relative to current energy standards or failing due to age and condition.
- 3. Restroom fixtures and surfaces are aging, appearing unhygienic and outdated.



Heating and Cooling System

Exceeded Service Life
Natural Gas









Aging Skylights
Leak Water and Heat









1980 Windows
50%
Less Efficient
than today's models

Restroom Fixtures and Surfaces

Unhygienic Water Wasting Fixtures







Inefficient or Broken Water Heaters

Project Cost and Schedule

Cost Breakdown

	This Request	Total Project
Design Phase	0	\$3,098,000
Construction Phase	\$10,891,000	\$10,891,000
Total	\$10,891,000	\$13,989,000

Schedule

Construction Start: Q2 2026

Project in Use: Q3 2027

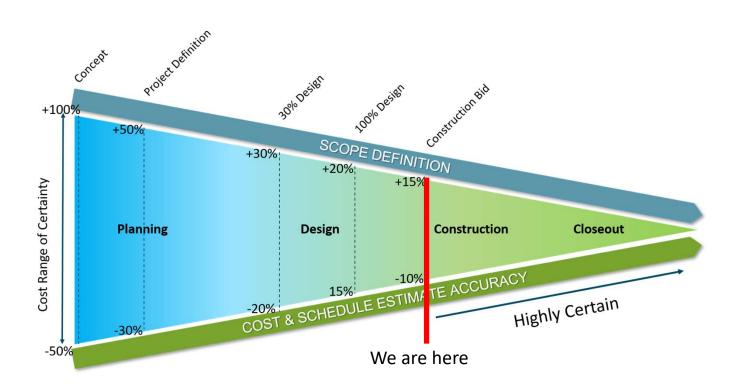
Financial Analysis

Project cost for analysis	\$13,989,000
Business Unit (BU)	Airfield Commercial Cargo
Effect on business	NOI after depreciation will
performance (NOI after	increase
depreciation)	
IRR/NPV (if relevant)	NPV \$(1.0M)
	NOI after debt service will be negative between (\$293K and \$10K) during 2028-2037. NOI after debt service becomes positive in year 13 (2038).
CPE Impact	N/A

Assumptions:

- 30 years analysis as that is estimated asset useful life.
- The building is leased, and it generates about \$750K annual lease revenue.
- The base case is that the building won't be leased to the tenants due to its condition.
- 7.6% discount rate based on risk scoring.
- Annual debt service is around \$1.2M based on 5.25% interest rate.
- 3% annual rent increase due to inflation and additional 10% annual market rent increase attributable to renovation.
 Business & Properties will need to confirm with tenants to make sure this is acceptable.

Project Cone of Certainty



Questions?





COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

Item No. 8e

ACTION ITEM Date of Meeting

October 28, 2025

DATE: October 15, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Keri Stephens, Director, Aviation Facilities and Capital Programs

Eileen, Francisco, Director Aviation Project Management

SUBJECT: C801325- Rental Car Facility (RCF) Quick Turn-Around (QTA) Boiler Skids 1&2

Replacement – Additional Funds

Amount of this request: \$225,000 Total estimated project cost: \$2,115,000

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to increase the project budget by \$225,000 for a final revised total budget of \$2,115,000.

SUMMARY

This project will be replacing boiler skids 1 & 2 that provide heat and hot water to the RCF QTA offices and operations. Boiler skid 1 (South end of the facility) has already failed mainly due to exposure to the elements and boiler skid 2 (North end of the facility) is at risk of failure as well. Each boiler is the sole source of heating for occupied service offices at the Rental Car Facility, and the Port is obligated to replace these systems. Due to the failure of boiler skid 1 and need to bring in a temporary boiler system and design development, the project schedule has been delayed. Additional funding is needed to complete the project as intended. The equipment was designed as a modular build and is being fabricated off site and will be brought in to speed up installation. The project team is working with the contractor to optimize installation to recover time while keeping a heating supply to the facility.

This project was authorized through Delegation of Responsibility & Authority (DORA) process, but the budget will exceed the limit of that authorization. The project is funded through the Customer Facility Charge (CFC's) for rental car transactions and has not had any significant impacts from tariffs.

There are no attachments to this memo.



COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM ACTION ITEM

Item No. 8f

Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: September 29, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Linda Springmann, Director of Cruise Business & Elliott Bay Operations

Marie Ellingson, Sr. Manager, Cruise Operations & Business Development

SUBJECT: Terminal 91 Cruise Facility Lease Agreement

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to execute a Term Lease Agreement with Pacific Cruise Ship Terminals LLC (Metro Cruise) for Smith Cove Cruise Terminal at Pier 91. The proposed lease term is for five (5) years with a five (5) year option to extend, effective November 1, 2025.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Smith Cove Cruise Terminal at Pier 91 was opened in April of 2009. The current lease of the cruise terminal manager expires at the end of October 2025. A Request for Proposals was issued on April 24, 2025, soliciting offers for a tenant to manage cruise operations. Key services include, but are not limited to, passenger flow, baggage operations both terminal and pier side, terminal security, traffic circulation, customer service, berthing plans, long term parking, accommodating access to accessibility equipment, crew store and services, and facility maintenance.

A diverse review panel was assembled to review the four proposals received. The panel included port representatives from Finance, Environmental, Facilities, and Cruise. Although all offerors were well qualified, the Port's assessment of the proposals revealed that Metro Cruise provided a proposal that generated the best overall value to the Port and yielded the greatest level of confidence in successful performance.

JUSTIFICATION

The port is expecting a record year in 2026 with 330 vessel calls and 2 million revenue passengers. The port will also welcome two new cruise lines to Seattle, MSC Cruises and Virgin Voyages. A multi-year lease agreement provides a greater degree of certainty to the port and the cruise lines than shorter-term alternatives. Metro Cruise demonstrated they would bring diverse perspectives and innovative ideas based on relevant experience in terminal management, security, and stevedoring.

LEASE TERM DETAILS

Preferential Use of the Terminal 91 Preferential Use Area – applies only to cruise vessels and associated ship activities during the cruise season.

Term	Five years with an option to extend five additional years at port
	discretion
Percentage Rent	Tenant shall pay the port 93.5% of the port directed cruise fees
	(passenger fee and dockage)
Flow Through	Tenant grants the port an event license.
Event Revenue	Tenant shall pay port 50% of flow-through event revenue
Additional	In addition to percentage rent, tenant shall pay taxes, insurance,
Responsibilities	operating expenses, utilities, maintenance & repairs, and any other cost
	associated with tenant's operations
Security	Tenant maintains corporate surety bond, letter of credit, or other
	security in the amount of \$5,000,000
Tenants Operation	scheduling, security, passenger transportation, baggage operations,
of Premises	deliveries, stevedoring, hospitality services, long term parking, traffic
	control & directional signage, contracts for goods & services, billing,
	tours, marketing, compliance with 100% shore power of homeport
	vessels
New to Cruise	Green Lease Terms that are now standard to Maritime lease are
Terminal Lease	incorporated

ALTERNATIVES AND IMPLICATIONS CONSIDERED

To evaluate the implications and requirements of each operating model, cruise forecasts, income and expenses for the port, income and expenses for a third-party operator, potential capital programs, and future maintenance requirements were taken into consideration.

Alternative 1 – Port Self Operating (the port assumes all operations currently managed by a third party)

Pros:

- (1) More operational control
- (2) Potential for higher revenue

Cons:

- (1) Higher direct costs and overhead budget
- (2) Constrained by established organizational process and procedure risking the ability to respond in a timely manner to critical circumstances and time sensitive issues.
- (3) Financial Risk

This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 2 – Enter into a lease agreement for management of the cruise terminal

Pros:

- (1) Updated terms with increased profit share and more favorable terms
- (2) Fixed lease payments provide financial stability
- (3) Maintenance responsibilities and associated costs fall to tenant
- (4) The port cannot achieve the same operational efficiencies as a third-party operator

Cons:

- (1) Port responsible for capital programs
- (2) May yield less revenue compared to alternative 1

This is the recommended alternative.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

The proposed agreement is structured as a revenue-sharing lease. The tenant will collect the passenger and dockage fees (per Terminal Tariff No. 5) from the cruise lines, and the Port will bill the tenant for its share of the fee revenue. The Port's revenue share of passenger and dockage fees would increase to 93.5% in the new agreement, which will have a positive impact on future cruise revenues to the Port.

Additional costs to the Port are minimal. The tenant will be responsible for leasehold taxes, insurance, operating expenses, utilities, maintenance & repairs, and any other cost associated with tenant's operations. The prior lease included annual capital and maintenance fund allowances that the Port provided the tenant for repair and maintenance, which are no longer included in the proposed lease and will reduce costs to the Port.

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS REQUEST

(1) Presentation

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

December 14, 2021 – The Commission authorized to change the term of the Cruise Facility Lease Agreement for two years with two additional one-year extension options at the port's discretion (2024 – 2025)

October 22, 2019 – Commission action to extend Cruise Facility Lease Agreement for two years with two one-year extension options at the port's discretion (2020-2024)

September 11, 2012 – The Commission authorized seven years extension of Cruise Facility Lease Agreement (2013-2019)

December 11, 2005 – The Commission authorized Cruise Facility Lease Agreement (2006-2012)

Terminal 91 Cruise Facility Lease Agreement



Linda Springmann, Director Cruise Business & Elliott Bay Operations



Terminal 91 Cruise Facility Lease Agreement

- Present the outcome of an RFP conducted this summer for Terminal Operations at our T91 Cruise Facility
- Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to execute a Lease Agreement with Pacific Cruise Ship Terminals LLC (Metro Cruise) for Smith Cove Cruise Terminal at Pier 91.

2026 Highlights

Sailings

- 330 total vessel calls
 - 235 calls at Pier 91
- 10 Cruise brands
 - 8 Cruise brands at Pier 91
- 16 Homeport vessels
- Two New Homeports
 MSC Poesia & Virgin
 Voyage's Brilliant Lady

Passengers

- 2 million total estimated revenue passengers
- 5.25% increase from 2025

Economic Impact

- \$1.2 billion in total business output
- 5,120 total jobs supported
- \$328 million total employee compensation

Competitive Bid Process

- Four proposals were received.
- Based on the initial ratings received for each criterion, all four proposers were shortlisted.
- All were provided with an opportunity to respond to follow-up questions and submit a best and final financial proposal.
- Review Panel of five Port participants representing Cruise, Finance, Environmental & Facility Management with Legal advisor.
- Operational Approach was the most important factor and was followed by Financial Proposal, Management Approach, and Environmental Stewardship.

Terminal 91 Cruise Facility Lease Terms

Term	Five years with an option to extend five additional years at port's discretion
Percentage Rent	Tenant shall pay the port 93.5% of the port directed cruise fees (passenger fee and dockage)
Flow Through Event	Tenant grants the port an event license.
Revenue	Tenant shall pay port 50% of flow-through event revenue
Tenant's Additional Responsibilities	Taxes, insurance, operating expenses, utilities, maintenance & repairs, and any other cost associated with tenant's operations
Security	Tenant maintains corporate surety bond, letter of credit, or other security in the amount of \$5,000,000
New to Cruise	Green Lease Terms that are now standard to Maritime lease
Terminal Lease	are incorporated

Thank you











COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

ACTION ITEM

Item No. 10a

Date of Meeting

October 28, 2025

DATE: October 15, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Eric Schinfeld, Senior Manager, Federal & International Government Relations

SUBJECT: Adoption of Resolution No. 3838: Amending the Welcoming Port Policy Directive

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission approval of Resolution 3838, a resolution of the Port of Seattle Commission establishing a revised Welcoming Port Policy Directive and amending Resolution No. 3747, in order to demonstrate the Port's ongoing commitment to supporting immigrants, refugees, and international visitors in line with the Port's mission and values.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Port of Seattle Commission first adopted its Welcoming Port Policy Directive as Resolution No. 3747 on May 8, 2018 as a way to affirm the Port of Seattle's commitment to the safety, inclusion, and engagement of immigrants, refugees, and international visitors who interact with our facilities or services. For the Port, this is not only a deeply held value, but also an economic imperative – given how much our facilities rely on both a workforce that includes immigrants as well as international cargo and international passengers.

Since that time, the Port has fully implemented this directive and developed numerous deep partnerships with community groups and organizations to continue expanding the ways in which Port facilities can be welcoming to immigrants, refugees and foreign visitors. In addition, in 2019, the Washington State Legislature passed the Keep Washington Working Act, which made numerous changes to state law for the stated purpose of "ensuring the state of Washington remains a place where the rights and dignity of all residents are maintained and protected in order to keep Washington working." The Port has fully complied with these mandates.

Given recent changes in federal immigration policies, programs, and practices, the Port Commission seeks to update and expand its strategies to respond to current events and new challenges to the Port's Welcoming Port vision. The Port of Seattle values the work of our federal partners to keep our facilities safe, and nothing in this Policy Directive is intended to impede the travel facilitation work of federal personnel like U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the U.S. Transportation Security Administration. However, the Port believes strongly that it can continue to uphold its values; be safe and secure; comply with all federal law; and simultaneously be

COMMISSION AGENDA – Action Item No. 10a

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

welcoming, accessible to all, and supportive of those immigrants, refugees, and foreign visitors who use our facilities.

DETAILS

The updated 2025 Welcoming Port Policy Directive aims to advance the following five (5) goals while remaining in accordance with local, state and federal law and within its authority and resources:

- The Port will do everything within its power and resources to make all visitors to its facilities feel welcome, safe, and comfortable when accessing services, benefits, and opportunities.
- The Port will not deny anyone services based on immigration status whether they are travelers, local residents, or employees of the Port, its tenants, its vendors, or its contractors.
- 3) The Port will take advantage of the broad and diverse resources that already exist in the Puget Sound region to create and enhance partnerships with local immigrant and refugee community stakeholders, advocates, and community-based organizations to identify new or expanded opportunities, where possible, to advance the Port's goals of being a welcoming gateway.
- 4) The Port will prohibit any Port employees, including Port law enforcement officers, from asking about place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status or collecting information on place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status, and information about family members, except when required by a criminal investigation.
- 5) The Port will not use its resources to facilitate the enforcement of civil immigration law.

To implement this vision, the Port will comply with the following policies:

- A. Limits on Port Data Collection
 - 1) Related to visitors to Port facilities, applicants for Port grants, and participants in Port programs: All applications, questionnaires, and forms used in relation to the provision of Port opportunities or services shall not include required disclosure of information related to place of birth, citizenship or immigration status.
 - Related to travelers through air and cruise gateways: The Port is committed to nondiscrimination, data privacy, and the dignity of all travelers, regardless of immigration status. Port employees are prohibited from collecting or sharing the immigration status of travelers.
 - 3) Related to Port law enforcement personnel: Consistent with the Keep Washington Working Act, Port law enforcement is prohibited from collecting information about immigration or citizenship data unless there is a demonstrated connection between such information and an investigation into a violation of state or local criminal law. Port law

enforcement is also prohibited from providing information pursuant to notification requests from federal immigration authorities for the purposes of civil immigration enforcement.

B. Interpretation and Translation:

- 1) Commission Order 2023-05 directs the creation of a Language Access Policy. This policy ensures access to translation and interpretation services, as both a value of the Port as well as an essential business requirement. Therefore, to ensure that everyone who engages with the Port feels welcome, the Port will strive to provide free interpretation and translation services for the most prevalent languages spoken in our region. This effort applies to Port employees, job seekers, participants in Port programs, and travelers through our facilities. In addition, the Port will offer access to its translation and interpretation services to federal agencies operating in our facilities, to ensure that their interactions are fully understood by all travelers.
- 2) The Port employs a large number of bilingual and multilingual staff members who assist travelers and members of the public with language interpretation needs on a regular basis, particularly related to travel through our facilities. Bilingual and multilingual staff members may assist travelers and members of the public with language interpretation needs related to basic immigration resources, while ensuring professional interpreters are engaged in issues related to civil immigration law or other sensitive topics beyond their professional expertise.

C. Compliance with Keep Washington Working and Prohibiting the Use of Port Resources for Immigration Enforcement:

- 1) The Port will continue to ensure that all employees including Port law enforcement officers are committed to welcoming and respectful treatment of immigrants, refugees, and foreign visitors. Consistent with the Keep Washington Working Act, Port law enforcement officers, including both Port of Seattle Police officers and any law enforcement officers contracted by the Port, are prohibited from initiating police action based solely on an individual's place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status, or using stops for minor offenses or requests for voluntary information as a pretext for discovering a person's immigration status.
- 2) Furthermore, no Port employee shall expend time, money, or other resources on facilitating the civil enforcement of federal immigration law or participating in civil immigration enforcement operations, except where required by state or federal law, regulation, or a court order.

D. Detainees:

1) The Port will continue to defer immigration detainer requests from ICE or CBP to King County Jail or SCORE, as the Port does not manage a correctional facility. The Port will comply with the Keep Washington Working Act and will not enter into any contract, agreement, or arrangement that would grant federal civil immigration enforcement authority or power over the Port or its law enforcement officers; nor will Port law

- enforcement carry out a civil arrest based on an administrative warrant separately or in combination with an ICE or CBP detainer request.
- 2) The Port will continue to share its expectations that when individuals are detained by CBP in the International Arrivals Facility or are being transported through our facilities by federal law enforcement officers— these individuals will have full access to their legal rights and are receiving all federally required and otherwise appropriate treatment.

E. Partnerships:

1) The Port will work in collaboration with local immigration services, refugee resettlement organizations, and community-based organizations to explore additional ways to use its facilities to support immigrant and refugee communities, including: providing access to information for travelers; potential partnerships on workforce development and economic development; and facilitating refugee arrivals through SEA. In addition, the Port will continue to partner with local organizations to support immigration and citizenship application efforts, including by providing a list of existing resources for individuals who need services that the Port cannot provide, such as access to legal resources.

F. Safe and Welcoming Workplace:

- 1) The Port remains steadfastly opposed to harassment and discrimination in our workplace. Port Policy CC-8 Anti-Harassment prohibits harassment against any employee, including based on national origin or any related characteristic.
- 2) The Port's immigration-related policies and protocols shall be fully integrated into all relevant aspects of Port operations and administration including the development of appropriate training programs for Port employees.

G. Employee Responses to Federal Immigration Policy and Enforcement:

- 1) The Port prohibits employees from providing federal immigration officials with information about individuals or any other non-public information, or assisting in accessing an area restricted to Port employees or tenants. However, Port employees should not interfere with immigration officials or immigration enforcement actions.
- 2) The Port has developed its Employee Guidance on Immigration training, which includes proper protocols to respond to requests from federal immigration enforcement and to travelers or other visitors to Port facilities seeking guidance related to immigration.

H. Program Implementation and Evaluation.

1) The Port will formally establish an Immigration Working Group composed of key staff members from throughout the organization. This Working Group will serve as a central point of contact for connecting a broad group of stakeholders to identify, elevate, and develop shared strategies and solutions; streamline and strengthen efforts; and address the most pressing issues related to this topic. The Working Group will have oversight of relevant communications, new program development, and monitoring of this Policy Directive. The Executive Director may disband the working group at their discretion when

- it is no longer needed. The Working Group shall include the Commission President, or their delegate, as an ex officio member of the committee.
- 2) Within three (3) months of the passage of this policy, the Port will create a centralized tracking system to record immigration-related interactions with individuals or federal agencies. This data will be used to identify patterns, training needs, or compliance issues. A summary of these interactions, stripped of identifying details, shall be provided to the Commission no later than six (6) months from the date this tracking system is implemented.
- 3) By December 31, 2025, the Executive Director shall report to the Commission on the implementation and estimated cost of these policies, procedures, and programs.
- 4) Annually, the Executive Director shall empower key staff to conduct a review of Port actions to ensure that staff continue to comply fully with this directive.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

To the extent the Welcoming Port Policy Directive has financial implications, these will be identified and evaluated annually for inclusion in applicable Port of Seattle operating budget proposals to the Port of Seattle Commission.

ATTACHMENTS

- (1) Resolution No. 3838 Amendment to Welcoming Port Policy Directive
- (2) Presentation

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

 9/9/26 – Introduction of Resolution No. 38383 – Amendment to Welcoming Port Policy Directive

Item No. 10a reso

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

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PORT OF SEATTLE **RESOLUTION NO. 3838**

A RESOLUTION

of the Port of Seattle Commission, establishing a revised Welcoming Port Policy Directive and amending Resolution No. 3747, in order to demonstrate the Port's ongoing commitment to supporting immigrants, refugees, and international visitors in line with the Port's mission and values.

WHEREAS, the Port of Seattle – as both an international gateway and a countywide special purpose government – is committed to supporting the safety, inclusion, and engagement of all members of our community; and

WHEREAS, we strive to protect the rights and uphold the dignity of every King County resident and every person who uses our facilities, and to provide fair and equal access to services, benefits, and opportunities; and

WHEREAS, the Port has an essential obligation to foster a culture and environment that make it possible for our region to remain a vibrant and welcoming global gateway, through which our immigrant and refugee residents and foreign visitors can fully participate in – and be integrated into – the social, civic, and economic fabric of our region; and

WHEREAS, the Port not only has a moral obligation to support immigrant communities, but also an economic imperative, in that every part of our organization depends on connection to the global economy – from the immigrants who work at our facilities to the foreign visitors that utilize our airport and cruise terminals, to the foreign-born workers who create goods and services that travel through our air and sea cargo gateways; and

WHEREAS, in 2018, in response to changes in federal immigration policy, the Port of Seattle Commission passed Resolution No. 3747, the Welcoming Port Policy Directive, as a way to formally demonstrate the Port's commitment to supporting immigrants, refugees, and international visitors; and

WHEREAS, the year 2025 has once again brought immigrant, refugee, and foreign visitor issues to the forefront though changes in federal policy that have the potential to conflict with the full exercise of the Port's values and our ability to continue to be a fully welcoming gateway; and

WHEREAS, we are concerned for the safety and dignity of our region's immigrant and refugee residents; and

WHEREAS, we are concerned about the impact of these federal immigration policy changes on international tourism through our gateway – particularly in advance of the 2026 FIFA World Cup, which has the opportunity to bring economic and tourism benefits to our region; and

 WHEREAS, in response to these national policies, the Port has been instituting new programs, policies, and partnerships to address any uncertainty and fear that these federal policy changes may have created; and

WHEREAS, while the Port of Seattle's essential relationship with federal agency partners allows us to operate our air and sea gateways and to keep them safe, the Port can continue to uphold its values; be safe and secure; comply with all federal law; and simultaneously be welcoming, accessible to all, and supportive of those immigrants, refugees, and foreign visitors who use our facilities.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Port of Seattle Commission as follows:

<u>SECTION 1</u>. The amended Welcoming Port Policy Directive as shown in the attached Exhibit A is hereby adopted in order to advance the following five (5) goals while remaining in accordance with local, state and federal law and within its authority and resources:

- a) First and foremost, the Port will do everything within its power and resources to make all visitors to its facilities feel welcome, safe, and comfortable when accessing services, benefits, and opportunities.
- b) The Port will not deny anyone services based on immigration status whether they are travelers, local residents, or employees of the Port, its tenants, its vendors, or its contractors.
- c) The Port will take advantage of the broad and diverse resources that already exist in the Puget Sound region to create and enhance partnerships with local immigrant and refugee community stakeholders, advocates, and community-based organizations to identify new or expanded opportunities, where possible, to advance the Port's goals of being a welcoming gateway.
- d) The Port will prohibit any Port employees, including Port law enforcement officers, from asking about place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status or collecting information on place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status, and information about family members, except when required by a criminal investigation.
- e) The Port will not use its resources to facilitate the enforcement of civil immigration law.

<u>SECTION 2</u>. The policy directive contained in Exhibit A and attached to this resolution shall be labeled and catalogued as appropriate, together with other Commission Policy Directives, and shall be made readily available for use by Port staff and members of the public as a governance document of the Port of Seattle.

SECTION 3. Scrivener's Errors. The Commission Clerk is hereby authorized to execute scrivener's error revisions in finalizing amendments to the policy directive made through adoption of this resolution, as needed, to address technical corrections. SECTION 4. Effective Date. This resolution is effective upon adoption. **ADOPTED** by the Port of Seattle Commission at a duly noticed public meeting thereof, held this 28th day of October, 2025, and duly authenticated by the signatures of the commissioners voting in favor thereof and the seal of the commission. Port of Seattle Commission

139 EXHIBIT A to Resolution 3838 140 WELCOMING PORT POLICY DIRECTIVE 141 142 As proposed September 9, 2025 143 144 **SECTION 1. Purpose.** 145 A. The purpose of this policy directive is to reaffirm the Port of Seattle's commitment to the safety, 146 inclusion, and engagement of immigrants, refugees, and international visitors who interact with 147 our facilities or services. 148 149 B. The Port Commission seeks to update and expand its strategies to respond to current events and shifting national policies that create new opportunities and challenges to fulfill the Port's 150 151 Welcoming Port vision. 152 153 C. The Port aims to foster a culture and environment that make it possible for our region to remain 154 a vibrant and welcoming global gateway where our immigrant communities, refugee residents, and foreign visitors can fully participate in - and be integrated into - the social, civic, and 155 156 economic fabric of our region. 157 158 D. For the Port of Seattle, this is not only a deeply held value, but also an economic imperative – given how much our facilities rely on both a workforce that includes immigrants as well as 159 160 international cargo and international passengers. 161 162 E. The Port first adopted its Welcoming Port Policy Directive as Resolution 3747 on May 8, 2018. 163 Since that time, the Port has fully implemented this directive, and developed numerous deep 164 partnerships with community groups and organizations to continue expanding the ways in which Port facilities can be welcoming to immigrants, refugees and foreign visitors. For example: 165 • Commission Order 2023-05 (Language Access Policy); 166 167 • Providing space for OneAmerica Citizenship Application Workshops; and • Collaborating with World Relief case workers on refugee arrivals at Seattle-Tacoma 168 169 International Airport (SEA). 170 F. In addition, in 2019, the Washington State Legislature passed the Keep Washington Working 171 Act, which made numerous changes to state law for the stated purpose of "ensuring the state of 172 173 Washington remains a place where the rights and dignity of all residents are maintained and 174 protected in order to keep Washington working." The Port has fully complied with these mandates, 175 and is updating this Welcoming Port Policy accordingly. 176 177 G. The Port of Seattle values the work of our federal partners to keep our facilities safe, and nothing in this Policy Directive is intended to impede the travel facilitation work of federal personnel like 178 179 U.S. Customs and Border Protection and the U.S. Transportation Security Administration. 180 **SECTION 2. Definitions.** 181 182 183 When used in this policy directive, the following words and phrases shall have the meanings given

below unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

"Administrative warrant" means a noncriminal immigration warrant of arrest, order to detain or release aliens, notice of custody determination, notice to appear, removal order, warrant of removal, or any other document, issued by Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), Customs and Border Protection (CBP), or U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) that can form the basis for a person's arrest or detention for a civil immigration enforcement purpose. ICE administrative warrant forms include the U.S. DHS form I-200 (Rev. 09/16) "Warrant for Arrest of Alien" and Form I-205 "Warrant of Removal/Deportation," as well as predecessor and successor versions. "Administrative warrant" does not include any criminal warrants issued upon a judicial determination of probable cause and in compliance with the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution.

"Citizenship or immigration status" means a person's recorded citizenship or immigration status, as such status is defined in the Immigration and Nationality Act, at the time an agent or agency receives the information.

"Civil immigration enforcement operation" means an operation that has as one of its objectives the identification, apprehension or transport of a person or persons in order to investigate them for a violation of the immigration laws and subject them to one or more of the following:

- 1. Civil immigration detention;
- 2. Removal proceedings; or
- 3. Removal from the United States.

"Immigration detainer" means a request by ICE to a federal, state, or local law enforcement agency to provide notice of release or maintain custody of a person based on an alleged violation of a civil immigration law. "Immigration detainer" includes a detainer issued under Sections 236 or 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act or 287.7 or 236.1 of Title 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations. "Immigration detainer" includes a detainer issued under DHS form I-274A entitled Immigration Detainer – Notice of Action, as well as predecessor and successor versions.

SECTION 3. Scope and Applicability.

A. This policy directive pertains to the activities of Port of Seattle employees; all policies in this directive are bounded by the parameters set by local, state and federal law, and the Port is expected to implement this directive in ways that are legally compliant.

B. Nothing in this directive shall be interpreted to prohibit Port employees from engaging productively with federal agency personnel in the normal course of port-related business, including travel facilitation or participating with local or federal law enforcement authorities for other criminal law enforcement activities.

C. In accordance with 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1373, nothing in this directive prohibits any Port agent or employee from sending to, or receiving from, federal immigration authorities, the citizenship or immigration status of a person when required by federal law. Also, nothing in this directive prohibits any Port agent or employee from sending to, receiving from, requesting from or exchanging with any federal, state or local government agency

information regarding the immigration status of a person or from maintaining such information, when required by federal law.

SECTION 4. Responsibilities.

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> A. The Executive Director shall ensure the policies and procedures in use by employees of the Port of Seattle are consistent with the principles of this policy directive, and shall promulgate such additional policies and procedures as may be needed to operationalize the intent of this policy directive.

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B. The Executive Director shall ensure that Port employees are appropriately informed and trained on the provisions of these policies on a regular basis to ensure compliance with both the substance and intention of this document.

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SECTION 5. Policy.

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A. Limits on Port Data Collection

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1) Related to visitors to Port facilities, applicants for Port grants, and participants in Port programs: All applications, questionnaires, and forms used in relation to the provision of Port opportunities or services shall not include required disclosure of information related to place of birth, citizenship or immigration status.

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2) Related to travelers through air and cruise gateways: The Port is committed to nondiscrimination, data privacy, and the dignity of all travelers, regardless of immigration status. Port employees are prohibited from collecting or sharing the immigration status of travelers.

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3) Related to Port law enforcement personnel: Consistent with the Keep Washington Working Act, Port law enforcement is prohibited from collecting information about immigration or citizenship data unless there is a demonstrated connection between such information and an investigation into a violation of state or local criminal law. Port law enforcement is also prohibited from providing information pursuant to notification requests from federal immigration authorities for the purposes of civil immigration enforcement.

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B. Interpretation and Translation:

1) Commission Order 2023-05 directs the creation of a Language Access Policy. This policy ensures access to translation and interpretation services, as both a value of the Port as well as an essential business requirement. Therefore, to ensure that everyone who engages with the Port feels welcome, the Port will strive to provide free interpretation and translation services for the most prevalent languages spoken in our region. This effort applies to Port employees, job seekers, participants in Port programs, and travelers through our facilities. In addition, the Port will offer access to its translation and interpretation services to federal agencies operating in our facilities, to ensure that their interactions are fully understood by all travelers.

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2) The Port employs a large number of bilingual and multilingual staff members who assist travelers and members of the public with language interpretation needs on a regular basis, particularly related to travel through our facilities. Bilingual and multilingual staff members may assist travelers and members of the public with language interpretation needs related to basic immigration resources, while ensuring professional interpreters are engaged in issues related to civil immigration law or other sensitive topics beyond their professional expertise.

C. Compliance with Keep Washington Working and Prohibiting the Use of Port Resources for Immigration Enforcement:

- 1) The Port will continue to ensure that all employees including Port law enforcement officers are committed to welcoming and respectful treatment of immigrants, refugees, and foreign visitors. Consistent with the Keep Washington Working Act, Port law enforcement officers, including both Port of Seattle Police officers and any law enforcement officers contracted by the Port, are prohibited from initiating police action based solely on an individual's place of birth, citizenship, or immigration status, or using stops for minor offenses or requests for voluntary information as a pretext for discovering a person's immigration status.
- 2) Furthermore, no Port employee shall expend time, money, or other resources on facilitating the civil enforcement of federal immigration law or participating in civil immigration enforcement operations, except where required by state or federal law, regulation, or a court order.

D. Detainees:

- 1) The Port will continue to defer immigration detainer requests from ICE or CBP to King County Jail or SCORE, as the Port does not manage a correctional facility. The Port will comply with the Keep Washington Working Act and will not enter into any contract, agreement, or arrangement that would grant federal civil immigration enforcement authority or power over the Port or its law enforcement officers; nor will Port law enforcement carry out a civil arrest based on an administrative warrant separately or in combination with an ICE or CBP detainer request.
- 2) The Port will continue to share its expectations that when individuals are detained by CBP in the International Arrivals Facility or are being transported through our facilities by federal law enforcement officers– these individuals will have full access to their legal rights and are receiving all federally required and otherwise appropriate treatment.

E. Partnerships:

1) The Port will work in collaboration with local immigration services, refugee resettlement organizations, and community-based organizations to explore additional ways to use its facilities to support immigrant and refugee communities, including: providing access to information for travelers; potential partnerships on workforce development and economic development; and facilitating refugee arrivals through SEA. In addition, the Port will continue to partner with local organizations to support immigration and citizenship application efforts, including by providing a list of existing resources for individuals who need services that the Port cannot provide, such as access to legal resources.

F. Safe and Welcoming Workplace:

1) The Port remains steadfastly opposed to harassment and discrimination in our workplace. Port Policy CC-8 – Anti-Harassment prohibits harassment against any employee, including based on national origin or any related characteristic.

The Port's immigration-related policies and protocols shall be fully integrated into all relevant aspects of Port operations and administration – including the development of appropriate training programs for Port employees.

G. Employee Responses to Federal Immigration Policy and Enforcement:

- 1) The Port prohibits employees from providing federal immigration officials with information about individuals or any other non-public information, or assisting in accessing an area restricted to Port employees or tenants. However, Port employees should not interfere with immigration officials or immigration enforcement actions.
- 2) The Port has developed its *Employee Guidance on Immigration* training, which includes proper protocols to respond to requests from federal immigration enforcement and to travelers or other visitors to Port facilities seeking guidance related to immigration.

SECTION 6. Program Implementation & Evaluation.

A. Establishment of a Port Immigration Working Group:

- 1) The Port will formally establish an Immigration Working Group composed of key staff members from throughout the organization.
 - a. This Working Group will serve as a central point of contact for connecting a broad group of stakeholders to identify, elevate, and develop shared strategies and solutions; streamline and strengthen efforts; and address the most pressing issues related to this topic.
 - b. The Working Group will have oversight over relevant communications, new program development, and monitoring of this Policy Directive.
 - c. The Executive Director may disband the working group at their discretion when it is no longer needed.
 - d. The Working Group shall include the Commission President, or their delegate, as an ex officio member of the committee.

B. Tracking and Reporting

- 2) Within three (3) months of the passage of this policy, the Port will create a centralized tracking system to record immigration-related interactions with individuals or federal agencies. This data will be used to identify patterns, training needs, or compliance issues. A summary of these interactions, stripped of identifying details, shall be provided to the Commission no later than six months from the date this tracking system is implemented.
- 3) By December 31st, 2025, the Executive Director shall report to the Commission on the implementation and estimated cost of these policies, procedures, and programs.
- 4) Annually, the Executive Director shall empower key staff to conduct a review of Port actions to ensure that staff continue to comply fully with this directive.

SECTION 7. Findings.

A. Engaging with people from around the world is essential to the success of the Port

of Seattle – both morally and economically:

(1) We benefit from international travelers who use our airport and cruise terminals, and who drive the continued expansion of new direct international flights in and out of SEA – which we estimate to generate between \$80-100 million annually for each new route.

(2) We thrive when international goods are shipped through our container terminals or our air cargo facilities.

(3) We celebrate the 500,000 pounds of seafood shipped through Port facilities each year, caught by the hundreds of North Pacific fishing boats that homeport at Fishermen's Terminal – including many foreign-born crew members.

(4) We know that immigrants are key to the creation of so many Washington goods and services – from Eastern Washington agricultural products that we ship via the seaport and airport to technology companies and global health organizations that utilize our airport to connect with customers, clients, and partners.

(5) We welcome the thousands of immigrants who work at the port itself, and those who work for other companies and at or around our facilities such as concessionaires, taxi, and rideshare drivers serving our airport and cruise terminals, truck drivers at the seaport, and the crews of cruise ships and container ships. We encourage their participation in the family-wage jobs that the Port helps create.

(6) We rely on our immigrant and refugee residents to foster both economic growth and cultural vibrancy, and we benefit tremendously from the large number of diverse immigrants and refugees who contribute to the development of a diverse and enriched community.

 B. As a global gateway, these issues are particularly relevant to our region and state. In King County, Washington, approximately 25% of all residents are foreign-born, as are approximately 43% of all public-school students in King County. Some of our most famous residents, entrepreneurs, elected officials, and business leaders are foreign born, all of which have created benefits for everyone in the Puget Sound region.

C. In 2019, the Washington State Legislature passed the Keep Washington Working Act, which made numerous changes to state law for the stated purpose of "ensuring the state of Washington remains a place where the rights and dignity of all residents are maintained and protected in order to keep Washington working."

D. Since January 20, 2025, the federal government has issued numerous Executive Orders, instituted new policies, and changed long-standing practices to significantly increase immigration enforcement, cease refugee admissions, and to deny benefits and opportunities to non-citizens.

- 413 E. On July 1, 2025, the King County Council's Health, Housing and Human Services Committee
- passed Proposed Substitute Motion 2025-0173.2, which expressed the Council's commitment to welcoming and actively supporting immigrants and refugees. 414
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Resolution 3838: 2025 Welcoming Port Policy Directive

Tyler Emsky, Strategic Advisor, Commission Office Eric Schinfeld, Senior Manager, Federal & International Government Relations



Action Requested

- Adoption of the amended 2025 Welcoming Port Policy Directive
- Updates 2018 Welcoming Port Policy Directive
- Reaffirms and enhances the Port's commitment to immigrants, refugees and international visitors
- Institutionalizes existing, ongoing efforts at the Port

Background

- In 2018, Port Commission passed the first Welcoming Port Policy in response to federal policies and programs at the time – particularly the "Travel Ban" Executive Order
- Since that time, the Port has fully implemented this policy, and incorporated WA's "Keep Washington Working" law
- The significant increase/changes in federal policies, programs and activities related to immigration and international travel make it appropriate to update/enhance/reaffirm this policy

Key Provisions

- Make all visitors to its facilities feel welcome, safe, and comfortable.
- Not deny anyone services based on immigration status.
- Create and enhance partnerships with local immigrant and refugee stakeholders
- Prohibit Port employees from asking about or collecting immigration status, except when required by a criminal investigation.
- Not use resources to facilitate the enforcement of civil immigration law.

Implementation

Specific Port Policies:

- Limits on Port Data Collection
- Interpretation and Translation
- Compliance with Keep Washington Working
- Prohibiting the Use of Port Resources for Immigration Enforcement
- Deferral of immigration detainer requests
- Appropriate treatment of detainees by federal law enforcement
- Partnerships
- Safe and Welcoming Workplace
- Employee Responses to Federal Immigration Policy and Enforcement

Administration:

- Training
- Budget
- Establishment of an Immigration Working Group
- Creation of Tracking Systems
- Reporting

QUESTIONS?



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COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM ACTION ITEM

Item No. 10b

Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: October 17, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Eileen Francisco, Director Aviation Project Management

Sabin Mudaliar, Acting Director Airport Operations

Keri Stephens, Director Aviation Facility and Capital Program

SUBJECT: 2026 Airfield Projects and SCE Spot 99 Utility Scope Construction Authorization

(CIP# C801379 and C801203)

2026-2030 Airfield Prog		SCE Program
(CIP# C80		(CIP# C801203)
Amount of this request:	\$64,400,000	\$8,640,000
Total estimated project cost:	\$400,000,000	\$2.5B

ACTION REQUESTED

Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to (1) advertise and execute two construction contracts for 2026 Airfield Projects and limited utility installation scope in S Concourse Evolution (SCE) Program located in the S Concourse Taxilane between the Southwest Corner of the S Concourse and the Cargo 7 hardstand area (Spot 99); and (2) authorize use of Port crews for abatement work.

The total amount of this authorization request is \$73,040,000

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

These two construction contracts are comprised of two interdependent Capital Improvement Projects (CIPs). Construction Contract #1 encompasses federally funded pavement and utility infrastructure scope while Construction Contract #2 consists of all other airfield project work in 2026 and SCE utility installation scope in Spot 99 area. Due to overlapping design functionality, interdependent operational impacts, and shared 2026 schedule milestones, the Spot 99 utility scope as part of the SCE Program was designed and phased to be delivered concurrently with the Airfield Program scopes for purposes of Airfield safety, efficiency, and minimization of operational impacts. The details of the authorization for individual CIPs are shown below.

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CIP Name/#	Amount of this Request	Amount Authorized to Date, incl. this Request	Total Estimated Project Cost
2026-2030 Airfield Program C801379	\$64,400,000	\$135,400,000	\$400,000,000
S Concourse Evolution Program C801203	\$8,640,000	\$261,390,000	\$2.5B

Total Authorization of this

\$73,040,000

Request

JUSTIFICATION

The 2026 Airfield scope is part of the 2026-2030 Airfield Program, which is a continuation of a programmatic approach for airfield infrastructure renewal and replacement, as well as projects needed to keep the airfield within regulatory compliance. The overarching goal of the Program is to provide safe and efficient conditions for aircraft operations at SEA and meet FAA and other regulatory requirements.

The Spot 99 Utility scope is the first construction component of the SCE program. The electrical power supply pathway from the Airport's South Main Substation to the S Concourse is critical infrastructure for the SCE building as both normal power and emergency power will be fed from the new feeders to be installed in the future. This work is needed to provide the required power per electrical code to support the future buildout of S Concourse and replace the decades old electrical feeders. Operational impacts and phasing are a major cost driver to the SCE Program and moving this work forward will reduce impacts at spot 99, which is a critical taxiway for aircraft operations at A, B, and S Concourses. Future work will connect this duct bank to the S concourse and the main electrical substation.

Diversity in Contracting

The project staff, in coordination with the Diversity in Contracting Department, have set goals for both contracts. However, Airfield Contract #1 is federally funded work and due to the most recent Federal adjustments to their Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) program, this goal will be TBD. Contract #2 is not federally funded and as such will include a range of 14% Woman and Minority Business Enterprise (WMBE) aspirational goal. These goals are based upon the projects' scopes of work, and baseline availability of certified DBE and WMBE businesses to perform the work under the two separate contracts.

DETAILS

2026 Airfield Contract #1 encompasses federally funded scope with Entitlement Funding of approximately \$15M anticipated. Both construction projects will interface with other projects and airline operations. Continual coordination with Airport Operations, Airlines, and related Tenants will ensure the least possible operational impact during construction.

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Scope of Work

The 2026 Airfield scope includes replacement of distressed pavement at RW 16C/34C, connecting taxiways, TW B, N Concourse taxilane, Cargo areas and vehicle service road; replacement of aging and failing airfield utilities located within the Runway Safety Area (RSA) for RW16C/34C; replacement of failing non-standard flush fire hydrant access hatches; replacement of aging electrical circuits with low megger readings and installation of LED lighting fixtures and signs for RW 16C/34C, connecting taxiways and TW N and TW Z located between RW16R/34L and TW T; removal of turf edge dams along RW16C/34C, connecting taxiways and access roads; mitigation of ponding spots and installation of anti-perching devices within RW 16C/34C RSA.

The Spot 99 utility work includes two electrical duct banks that run parallel to each other across Spot 99. The Normal Power Electrical duct bank is required to provide new electrical infrastructure to S Concourse as the existing feeders are over 40 years old. Additionally, to meet current code requirements, a new emergency power duct bank will be built in parallel with the normal power to support two new generators that will be installed on the south end of the airport. This is the first portion of the duct bank installation and will be needed for any future work at S Concourse.

Schedule

Activity

Construction Contract #	Contract #1	Contract #2
Construction start	2026 Quarter 2	2026 Quarter 1
In-use date	2026 Quarter 4	2026 Quarter 4

Cost Breakdown This Request Total Project

2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)			
Design	\$0	\$71,000,000	
Construction	\$64,400,000	329,000,000	
Total	\$64,400,000	\$400,000,000	
S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)			
Design	\$0	\$400,000,000	
Construction	\$8,640,000	\$2,100,000,000	
Total	\$8,640,000	\$2,500,000,000	

<u>ALTERNATIVES AND IMPLICATIONS CONSIDERED</u>

Alternative 1 – Proceed only with federally funded 2026 Contract #1 Airfield work including the replacement of distressed pavement, aging and failing airfield utilities, non-standard flush fire hydrant access hatches, electrical circuits, lighting fixtures and signs; removal of turf edge dams; mitigation of ponding spots and installation of anti-perching devices at RW 16C/34C, connecting taxiways, infield areas and vehicle service road. Do not proceed with the scope in 2026 Contract

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#2 including replacement of distressed pavement at TW B, N Concourse taxilane and Cargo areas, and installation of power and communication utility in Spot 99 area.

Cost Implications: \$59.16M in Capital Cost for 2026 Contract #1.

Pros:

- (1) Reduced capital spending in 2026.
- (2) Less construction impacts to airport operations in 2026.
- (3) Grant funded renewal and replacement work will proceed.
- (4) Less complexity for budget tracking during construction.
- (5) In alignment with FAA's 5-year ACIP and receive grants.
- (6) Environmental benefits for LED lighting, signs and in-field work.

Cons:

- (1) Safety risks associated with failing airfield pavement and supporting infrastructure included in 2026 Contract #2 are not addressed.
- (2) Increased cost in the future due to escalation.
- (3) Operational impacts from emergency repair/replacement.

This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 2 – Deliver each Work Project in separate construction contracts.

Cost Implications: \$77.80M in Capital Cost

Pros:

- (1) Less complexity for budget tracking during construction.
- (2) Provides safe and efficient conditions for aircraft operations and meet Federal Aviation Regulations and other regulatory requirements.
- (3) Programmatic replacement of aged and distressed pavements and related infrastructures.
- (4) In alignment with FAA's 5-year ACIP and receive grants.
- (5) Reduces maintenance costs by investing in renewal of critical assets.
- (6) Environmental benefits for LED lighting, signs and in-field work.

Cons:

- (1) Reduce efficiencies due to multiple contracts and separate jurisdictional coordination such as with the FAA.
- (2) Additional labor costs for contractor on-boarding and mobilizations, multiple-project ramp up and close out.
- (3) Increase coordination required between overlapping projects.
- (4) Increase construction safety risk due to the interdependent operational impacts.
- (5) Additional and recurring impacts to airfield operations until all efforts are completed.
- (6) Large capital costs in 2026-2030.
- (7) Operational impacts during construction.

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This is not the recommended alternative.

Alternative 3 – Move forward with full scope proposed for 2026

Cost Implications: 73.04M

Pros:

- (1) Provides safe and efficient conditions for aircraft operations and meet Federal Aviation Regulations and other regulatory requirements.
- (2) Programmatic replacement of aged and distressed pavements and related infrastructures.
- (3) In alignment with FAA's 5-year ACIP and receive grants.
- (4) Reduces safety risks, minimizes operational impacts and increases efficiencies as coordination and construction is managed as combined construction contracts.
- (5) Reduces maintenance costs by investing in renewal of critical assets.
- (6) Environmental benefits for LED lighting, signs and in-field work.

Cons:

- (1) Large capital costs in 2026-2030.
- (2) Operational impacts during construction.
- (3) Increase coordination required between overlapping projects.
- (4) Increase construction safety risk due to the interdependent operational impacts.
- (5) Additional and recurring impacts to airfield operations until all efforts are completed.

This is the recommended alternative.

FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379) Cost Estimate/Authorization Summary

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COST ESTIMATE	Capital	Expense	Total
Original estimate	\$390,000,000	\$10,000,000	\$400,000,000
AUTHORIZATION			
Previous authorizations	70,298,000	1,000,000	71,298,000
Current request for authorization	64,000,000	400,000	64,400,000
Total authorizations, including this request	134,298,000	1,400,000	135,698,000
Remaining amount to be authorized	\$255,702,000	\$8,600,000	\$264,302,000

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S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)

Cost Estimate/Authorization Summary

COST ESTIMATE	Capital	Expense	Total
Original estimate	\$1B	\$0	\$1B
Previous changes – net	\$870M	\$0	\$870M
Revised estimate	\$2.5B	\$0	\$2.5B
AUTHORIZATION			
Previous authorizations	\$252,750,000	\$0	\$252,750,000
Current request for authorization	\$8,640,000	\$0	\$8,640,000
Total authorizations, including this request	\$261,390,000	\$0	\$261,390,000
Remaining amount to be authorized	\$2,238,610,000	TBD	\$2,238,610,000

Annual Budget Status and Source of Funds

2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)

2026-2030 Airfield program was not in the 2025-2029 capital budget and plan of finance. The capital budget of \$390,000,000 was transferred from the Aeronautical Allowance CIP C800753 resulting in no net change to the Airport capital budget. This project C801379 replaced an existing project C801302- Airfield Infrastructure and Security which was in the 2024 Plan of Finance with a budget amount of \$199,500,000. The budget for C801302- Airfield Infrastructure and Security was returned to the Aeronautical Allowance CIP C800753.

Project C801379 - 2026-2030 Airfield program anticipates approximately \$54M in Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) entitlement funds with the opportunity to receive additional discretionary funds. The funding sources will be the Airport Development Fund, FAA grants, and revenue bonds. This project is subject to the Port's Very Large Project Process per Signatory Lease Operating Agreement (SLOA) V.

S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)

The S Concourse Evolution project, CIP C801203, was included in the 2025-2029 capital budget and plan of finance with a budget of \$1,870,000,000. The funding sources would be revenue bonds, Airport Development Fund (ADF), the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) grant funding through the FAA-AIP program, other FAA Grants, and future Passenger Facility Charge.

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Financial Analysis and Summary

2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)

Project cost for analysis	\$400,000,000
Business Unit (BU)	Airfield movement and Airfield apron
Effect on business performance	NOI after depreciation will increase due to inclusion of
(NOI after depreciation)	capital (and operating) costs in airline rate base.
IRR/NPV (if relevant)	N/A
CPE Impact	Total project cost CPE of \$1.05 in 2031; annual CPE of
	\$0.17

S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)

Project cost for analysis	\$2,200,000,000
Business Unit (BU)	Terminal Building
Effect on business performance	NOI after depreciation will increase due to inclusion of
(NOI after depreciation)	capital (and operating) costs in airline rate base
IRR/NPV (if relevant)	NPV (50 years) for non-aero is negative \$130 million
CPE Impact	\$4.39 in 2036

Future Revenues and Expenses (Total cost of ownership)

2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)

This program will reduce the amount of time currently spent by the Port Maintenance team on joint seal and pavement spall repairs. The new pavement will have a 40-year asset life and a greatly reduced risk of loose gravel and rock Foreign Object Debris ("FOD") that could be picked up by vehicle tires or blown by jet engine exhaust and spread across the apron, taxiways and runways.

The recircuiting scope will cause a decrease in annual operating & maintenance costs. This is because the project will install more resilient LED lighting and signs, which is easier to maintain as it has a longer life than the current incandescent lighting and signs. Furthermore, PVC conduit will be installed, which makes cable pulling easier.

S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)

The cost savings of keeping the current terminal operational would likely present no long-term savings even with discounting the risk of a potential catastrophic failure; the terminal is still in need of upgrades driven by code and safety. Balancing the deferral of these costs against the structural, seismic, and operational needs of the terminal is not recommended.

ADDITIONAL BACKGROUND

(1) Presentation slides

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PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

2026-2030 Airfield Program (CIP C801379)

September 24, 2024 - The Commission authorized for the Executive Director to (1) advertise and execute a service agreement for design and engineering services for the airfield capital improvement program with the combined value not to exceed \$28,000,000; (2) authorize design and preparation of construction documents for the 2026-2030 Airfield Program at the Seattle-Tacoma International Airport (SEA); (3) procure long lead material items; (4) enter into agreements with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and/or other public agencies for the evaluation of impacts, protection and/or relocation of utilities and performance of flight checks; and (5) approve the use of a project labor agreement (PLA) for each year's construction contract. The use of a PLA will be subject to approval by the FAA for work receiving federal funding. Total request for this action is \$71,000,000. The total program cost is estimated at \$400,000,000.

S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)

May 27, 2025 – The Commission approved an increase in funding to support the following: completion of design; facilitating project construction at Gate D6, Cargo 3, and Cargo 6; and start design for Gate A6 replacement.

May 13, 2025 – The Commission was briefed on S Concourse Evolution and informed of an upcoming funding request to advance design, scope additions, and construction.

May 14, 2024 – The Commission authorized to Prepare design and construction bid packages for S Concourse facilitating project, Procure long-lead items.

October 22, 2022 – The Commission authorized to procure a Designer, GC/CM, Project Management/Controls Support, and Commissioning Agent for SCE.

September 27, 2022 - The Commission was briefed on S Concourse Evolution and project status.

April 13, 2021 – The Commission was briefed on SSAT Renovation Renewal PDD.

Item No.	10b_supp	
Date of Meeting	October 28, 2025	

2026 Airfield Projects and SCE Spot 99 Utility Scope Construction Authorization (CIP# C801379 & C801203)

Seattle-Tacoma International Airport



2026 Airfield Projects & SCE Spot 99 Utility Scope

- Request Commission authorization for the Executive Director to
 - Advertise and execute two construction contracts for 2026 Airfield Projects and limited utility installation scope in S Concourse Evolution (SCE) Program located in the S Concourse Taxilane between the Southwest Corner of the S Concourse and the Cargo 7 hardstand area (Spot 99);
 - Authorize use of Port crews for abatement work.
- The total amount of this authorization request: \$73,040,000

	2026-2030 Airfield Program	SCE Program
	(CIP# C801379)	(CIP# C801203)
Amount of this request:	\$64,400,000	\$8,640,000
Total estimated project cost:	\$400,000,000	\$2.25B

2026 Airfield Projects & SCE Spot 99 Utility Scope

Two construction contracts are comprised of interdependent Capital Improvement Projects (CIPs) with overlapping design functionality, interdependent operational impacts, and shared 2026 schedule milestones.

- 2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)
 - Airfield infrastructure renewal and replacement, as well as projects needed to provide safe and efficient conditions for aircraft operations at SEA and meet FAA and other regulatory requirements.
- S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)
- This work is needed to provide new electrical infrastructure to the S Concourse.

2026 Airfield Contract #1 – federally funded

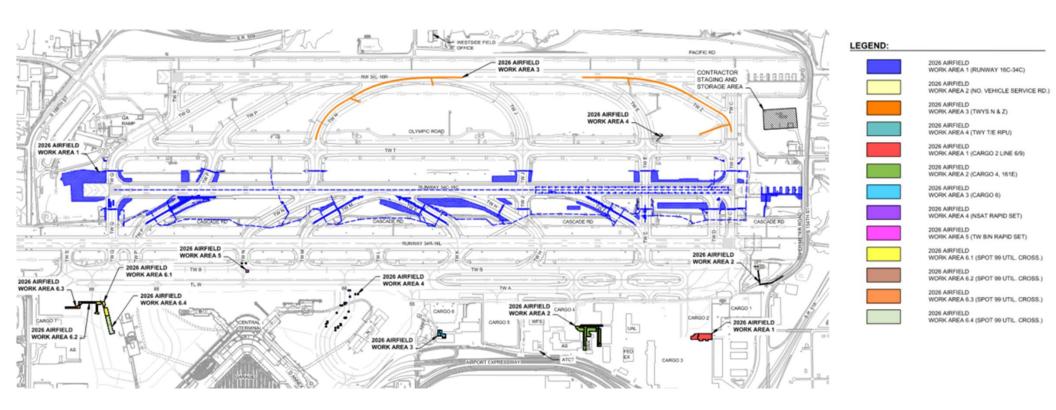
- 2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)
 - Replacement of distressed pavement, aging and failing utilities, nonstandard flush fire hydrant access hatches, electrical circuits, lighting fixtures and signs at RW 16C/34C, connecting taxiways, infield areas and vehicle service road;
 - Removal of turf edge dams, mitigation of ponding spots and installation of anti-perching devices at RW 16C/34C, connecting taxiways and infield areas.

Entitlement Funds Anticipated in 2026: ~\$15M

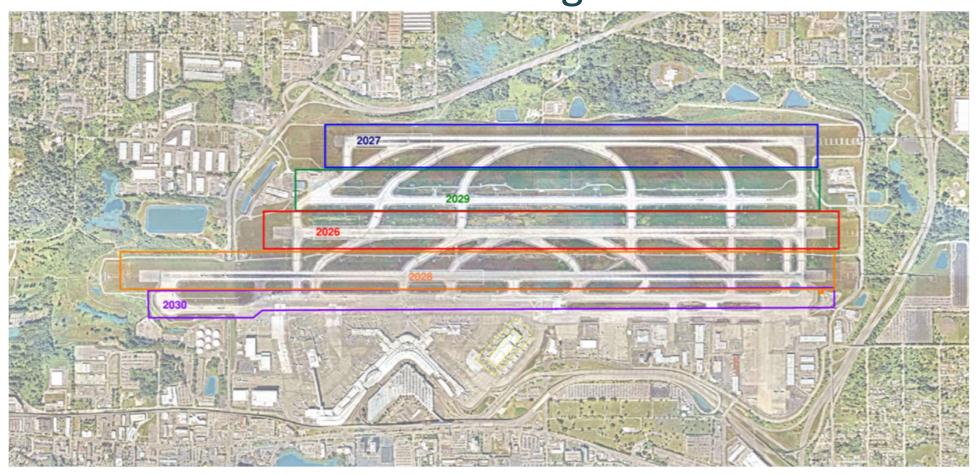
2026 Airfield Contract #2

- 2026-2030 Airfield Program (C801379)
 - Replacement of distressed pavement at TW B, North Concourse taxilane and Cargo areas.
- S Concourse Evolution Program (C801203)
 - Installation of power utility duct bank in Spot 99 area, which is a critical taxiway around the S Concourse.

2026 Airfield Contracts Map



2026-2030 Airfield Program Overview



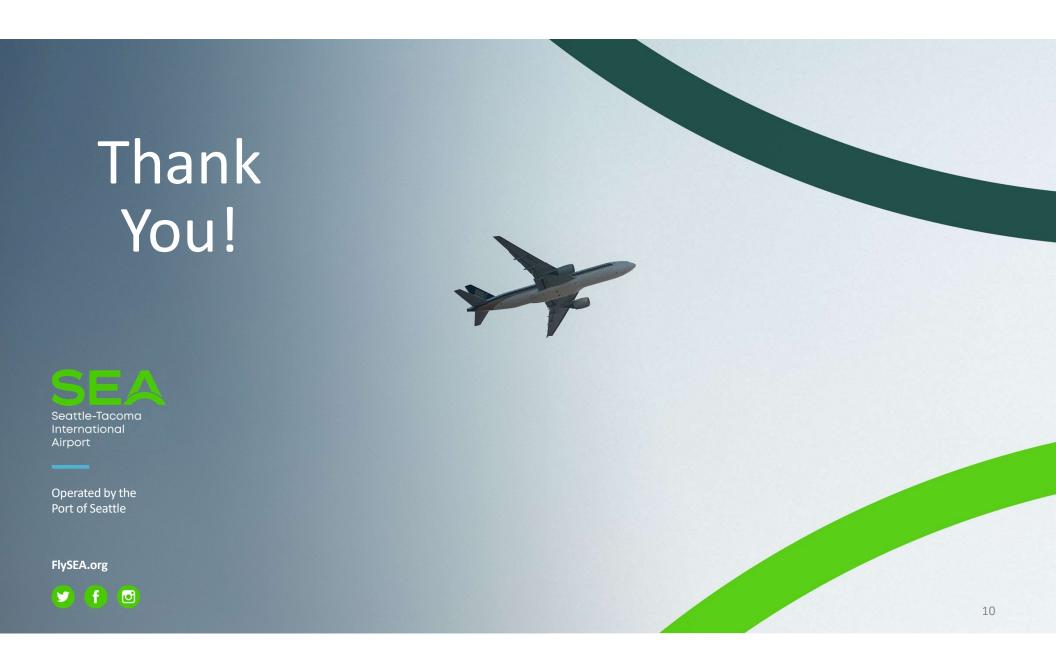
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2026 Airfield Contracts Schedule

Construction Contract #	Contract #1	Contract #2
Construction start	2026 Quarter 2	2026 Quarter 1
In-use date	2026 Quarter 4	2026 Quarter 4

2026 Airfield Projects & SCE Spot 99 Utility Scope Budget

CIP Name/#	Amount of this Request	Amount Authorized to Date, incl. this Request	Total Estimated Project Cost
2026-2030 Airfield Program C801379	\$64,400,000	\$135,698,000	\$400,000,000
S Concourse Evolution Program C801203	\$8,640,000	\$261,390,000	\$2.5B
Total Authorization of this Request		\$73,040,000	





COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

Item No. 11a

BRIEFING ITEM Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: October 17, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Sarah Cox, Director, Aviation Environment and Sustainability

Steve Rybolt, Senior Environmental Program Manager, Aviation Environment and

Sustainability

SUBJECT: Sustainable Airport Master Plan Near-Term Projects Final National Environmental

Policy Act Environmental Assessment, Federal Aviation Administration Finding of No Significant Impact, Record of Decision, and State Environmental Policy Act Next

Steps

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On October 14, Port Staff provided an overview of the Federal Aviation Administration's (FAA) Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and Record of Decision (ROD) based on the outcome of the Final National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Environmental Assessment (EA) of the Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Near-Term Projects (NTP). At the Commission's October 28 meeting, staff will provide a short update on the public outreach and engagement that has occurred since the FAA's documents were released, as well as an update on next steps for the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) process.

DETAILS

The FAA has completed the NEPA Final Environmental Assessment (FEA) of the SAMP NTPs and has issued a Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) and Record of Decision (ROD). The FEA was informed by a 53-day public comment period in 2024. The document is the result of rigorous analysis, extensive public outreach and engagement, reviewing, considering, and responding to comments submitted by the community and public agencies. It is important to note that in between the closure of the public comment period and the publication of the FEA the Administration implemented regulatory changes that removed analysis on environmental justice, climate, and cumulative impacts.

Based on the analyses within the Draft and Final NEPA EA, it was identified that all significant impacts could be mitigated. There were other impacts identified; however, these impacts did not exceed regulatory, or human health standards and FAA does not require any defined action to reduce, avoid, or mitigate them. Based on the information and analysis contained in the Final NEPA EA, the FAA issued a FONSI ROD on September 24, 2025 (published on September 26, 2025), identifying 18 requirements that the Port must adhere to should any of the NTPs move

COMMISSION AGENDA – Briefing Item No. 11a

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

forward. The Final NEPA EA and ROD are published on the project website (www.sampntpenvironmentalreview.org) and physical copies are available at Port of Seattle Sea-Tac Airport Office (Mezzanine Level), Port of Seattle Pier 69 Office, Burien Library, Des Moines Library, Federal Way, Valley View Library (SeaTac), White Center Library, Tukwila Library, and Vashon Library.

In February 2019, Port Staff confirmed that SEPA would commence following the completion of NEPA. This was a result of the Port wanting to better understand how human health and ultrafine particulate matter consideration might be incorporated into SEPA, as these are not typically evaluated in NEPA. The other resource categories that were removed by FAA from the NEPA documentation due to recent Administration regulatory changes will be moved into the Port's work under SEPA. This includes Environmental Justice, Climate, and Cumulative Impacts.

It is anticipated that a Draft SEPA Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) will be released in late first quarter of 2026, followed by a public comment period. The Port will provide a thorough and broad outreach and engagement program in support of the publication of the Draft SEPA EIS. This includes work to engage a variety of communities and using a range of media outlets, information on the project website, community meetings, interpretation and translating materials into additional languages.

Once the public comment period closes, the Port will review and respond to the comments received. These comments will be considered within Final SEPA EIS. It is expected that the Final SEPA EIS will be published in late 2026.

SCHEDULE

NEPA

September 26, 2025

FAA NEPA Final EA and Record of Decision

(Published)

SEPA

Quarter 1 2026 Draft SEPA EIS released for public comment (minimum 30-day

comment period [standard])

Quarter 4 2026 SEPA EIS Final Document & Determination (Port issues decision

document)

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS BRIEFING

(1) Presentation slides

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

- October 14, 2025 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan Near-Term Projects Environmental Review"
- October 22, 2024 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan Near-Term Projects Environmental Review Draft NEPA Environmental Assessment Findings and Public Comment Period"
- June 27, 2023 Commission Action: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Near-Term Projects Environmental Review Update and Budget Increase"
- February 25, 2020 Commission Action: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Near-Term Projects (NTP) Environmental Review Briefing and Request for Additional Funds"
- January 28, 2020 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Near-Term Projects (NTP) Environmental Review Briefing Forecast and Schedule Update"
- February 26, 2019 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Near-Term Projects (NTP) Environmental Review Briefing – Scoping Report"
- May 8, 2018 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Planning and Environmental Update"
- February 13, 2018 Commission Briefing: "Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Planning Update"

Page 3 of 3

Item No: 11a

Meeting date: October 28, 2025

Sustainable Airport Master Plan Near-Term Projects Update

Sandy Kilroy, Senior Director, Environment & Sustainability

Eric Schinfeld, Senior Manager, Federal Government Relations

FAA Completed Environmental Assessment on 9/26

- The FAA released their NEPA Final Environmental Assessment (EA) and Finding of No Significant Impact (FONSI) Record of Decision (ROD).
 - It found that completing these projects would have no significant impact.
- This was an important milestone in an ongoing process to evaluate the environmental impacts of the 31 proposed SAMP projects.
- The release of the FAA NEPA ROD starts a 60-day appeal period (as of 9/26/25).
- In the meantime, the Port will begin work on the SEPA EIS analysis.
 - This process will include community outreach and a public comment period

The Port Has Worked To Raise Awareness of the FAA Decision and Next Steps

- Copies of NEPA documents available at SEA & Pier 69, and libraries in Burien,
 Des Moines, Federal Way, SeaTac, White Center, Tukwila and Vashon
- Notice sent via newspapers, email lists, websites and social media; press release sent to full media list
- 10/8 Webinar over 100 registrations, 60+ attendees
 - Available for viewing on the Port's YouTube channel: https://youtu.be/UreECgEQGlo?si=BC3ydIXCj3aey9Uk
- Presentation and public comment at 10/14 and 10/28 Commission meetings

SEPA Includes Additional Analyses

- Earth
- Air
- Water
- Plants and animals
- Energy and natural resources
- Environmental health
- Land and shoreline use
- Transportation

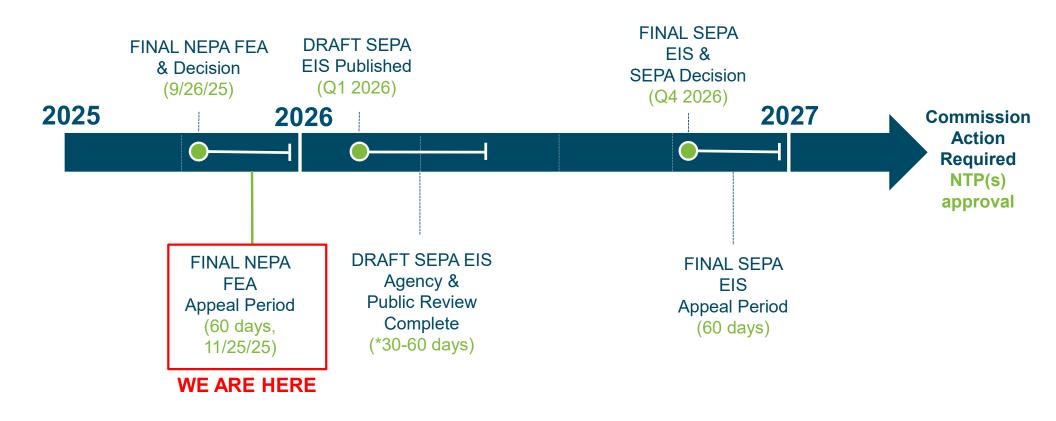
- Public services and utilities
- Climate*
- Environmental Justice*
- Cumulative Impacts*

*Removed from NEPA Final EA

SEPA Will Include Enhanced Outreach and Engagement

- Provide 30+ days notice before publishing Draft EIS
- Materials and translation provided in seven languages
- Outreach to airport-area stakeholders, public meetings in multiple locations and virtual meetings for official comment
- Targeted engagement with BIPOC and underrepresented communities with an emphasis in South King County
- Outreach to public sector and regional leaders

FAA NEPA FEA & ROD Are One Step In A Continuing Process



Questions?



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COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

A MEMORANDUM Item No. 11b

BRIEFING ITEM Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

DATE: October 7, 2025

TO: Stephen P. Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Arif Ghouse, Interim Managing Director, Aviation Division

Hiedi Popochock, Director, Aviation Finance & Budget John Wellons, Aviation Chief Development Officer

SUBJECT: 2026 Aviation Division Capital Budget Briefing

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose of this briefing is to discuss with the Commission the 2026 long range financial forecast and capital plan for the Aviation Division. Staff would also like to seek Commission feedback on the preliminary budget.

This is one of a series of budget briefings to the Commission starting from June. Staff discussed the operating divisions' budgets on October 14, 2025, and subsequently the Aviation Capital Improvement Plan, 2026 Tax Levy and Draft Plan of Finance on October 28, 2025, prior to the formal Commission reviews and approvals of the 2026 budget in November.

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS BRIEFING

(1) Presentation slides

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

October 14, 2025 – 2026 Aviation Division Operating Budget Briefing September 23, 2025 – Central Services 2026 Preliminary Budget and Port-wide Rollup Briefing July 8, 2025 – 2026 Budget Development Briefing June 16, 2025 – Commission 2026 Budget Planning Retreat



Outline for Aviation Division Presentation

- 1. Overview of Strategic & Financial Objectives
- 2. 2026 2030 (5-year) Financial Forecast
- 3. 2026 2030 (5-Year) Capital Forecast

Aviation Strategic and Financial Objectives

- Aviation Division's Strategic and Business Plan Objectives
 - Level of Service Optimum
 - Top 25 ASQ World Ranking
 - 5-Star Skytrax rating
- Ensure the airport's five-year financial outlook meets or exceeds the financial performance targets.
 - Achieve debt service coverage of >1.40 times
 - Build cash balance in the Airport Development Fund to 18 months of O&M expenses
 - Consistently grow Non-aeronautical revenues

2026 - 2030 FINANCIAL FORECAST



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2026-2030 Financial Forecast

In \$000's	Budget 2026		Forecast 2027			Forecast 2028	Forecast 2029			Forecast 2030
Aeronautical Revenue	\$	615,502	\$	714,959	\$	770,095	\$	831,247	\$	909,745
Non-Aeronautical Revenue without GASB 87 1		377,253		379,911		398,501		420,115		445,068
Total Operating Revenue without GASB 87	\$	992,755	\$	1,094,870	\$	1,168,596	\$	1,251,362	\$	1,354,813
Lease Income ¹	\$	(9,872)	\$	(9,620)	\$	(9,034)	\$	(8,505)	\$	(7,968)
Total Operating Revenue with GASB 87	\$	982,883	\$	1,085,250	\$	1,159,561	\$	1,242,857	\$	1,346,845
Operating Expense		587,035		622,257		659,592		699,168		741,118
Net Operating Income	\$	395,848	\$	462,993	\$	499,969	\$	543,689	\$	605,727
Net Non-Operating Income/Expense ³		19,929		12,727		14,095		17,269		20,214
Lease Income ²		9,872		9,620		9,034		8,505		7,968
Lease Expense		(7,897)		(8,303)		(8,474)		(8,664)		(8,856)
CFC Excess		(11,702)		(12,405)		(12,588)		(12,142)		(12,760)
Available for Debt Service	\$	406,050	\$	464,632	\$	502,036	\$	548,658	\$	612,294
Gross Debt Service (net of cap i)	\$	383,437	\$	437,348	\$	481,664	\$	518,491	\$	584,174
CP Principal & Interest	\$	2,376	\$	2,714	\$	2,714	\$	2,714	\$	2,714
CFC Offset		(25,327)		(24,580)		(24,838)		(26,202)		(26,465)
PFC Offset		(100,000)		(100,854)		(104,950)		(104,995)		(112,945)
Net Debt Service	\$	260,486	\$	314,629	\$	354,591	\$	390,009	\$	447,480
Net Cash Flow	\$	145,564	\$	150,004	\$	147,446	\$	158,649	\$	164,814

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ 2026 Budget figure was reduced by \$9.8M related to GASB 87 Lease Interest Income

- Aeronautical revenues forecast higher debt service when projects are completed.
- Consistent non-aero revenue growth but future impacts from tenant turnover and capital projects.
- Average annual net debt service is projected to grow by 18% due to growth in capital expenditures.
- Includes other divisions' projects funded by the airport

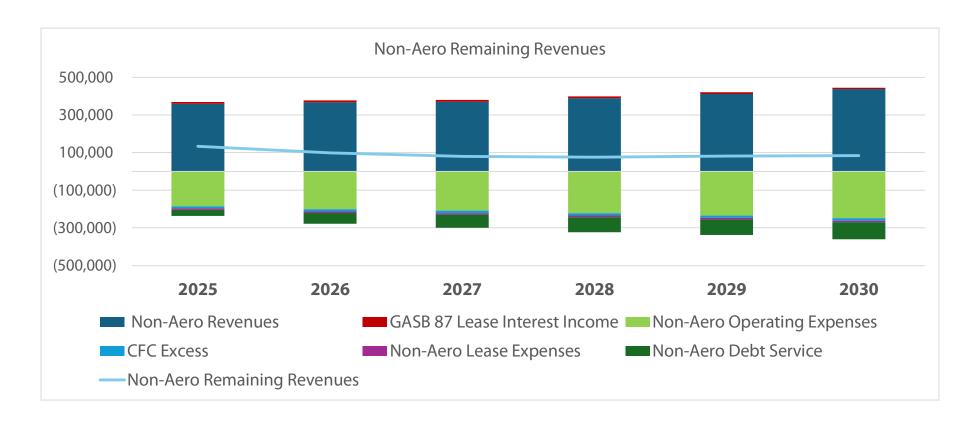
² 2026 Budget figure was increased by \$9.8M related to GASB 87 Lease Interest Income

³ Non-Operating Income/Expense includes ADF interest income, and election expenses.

2026-2030 Non-Aero Revenue Forecast

	Forecast	Budget	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast	Forecast
	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Non-Aero Revenues						
Public Parking	116,403	114,531	118,139	122,014	125,934	129,980
Employee Parking includes TMA	12,892	14,856	16,390	18,142	19,981	22,212
Rental Car ¹	68,153	69,549	72,222	73,792	75,209	77,765
Ground Transportation	24,578	24,896	24,834	25,250	25,668	26,134
Concessions ¹	72,799	78,369	71,959	80,166	92,047	95,406
Tenant Marketing	0	503	2,086	2,168	2,252	2,340
Commercial Properties 1	22,921	24,505	27,721	28,376	28,956	29,662
International Place Office	12,420	14,484	14,884	15,622	15,742	16,058
Non-Airline Terminal Leased Space 1	8,294	8,249	7,966	8,166	8,372	8,583
Club International Lounge	19,039	16,153	10,687	11,092	11,513	21,693
Utilities	10,838	10,551	12,349	12,993	13,675	14,396
Airport Conference	200	228	250	275	300	350
Service Orgs	381	381	423	445	467	490
Total Non-aero Revenues without GASB 87	368,916	377,253	379,911	398,501	420,115	445,068
Lease Interest Income ²	(9,743)	(9,872)	(9,620)	(9,034)	(8,505)	(7,968)
Total Non-Aero Revenues with GASB 87	359,174	367,381	370,291	389,466	411,610	437,100
Non-Aero Operating Expenses	(185,207)	(200,764)	(208,832)	(221,361)	(234,643)	(248,722)
Non-Aero Net Income	173,967	166,617	161,459	168,105	176,967	188,378
Less: CFC Excess	(10,665)	(11,896)	(12,405)	(12,588)	(12,142)	(12,760)
Non-Aero Debt Service	(32,849)	(57,208)	(70,281)	(81,134)	(82,575)	(90,454)
Non-Aero CP Debt Service	509	(126)	129	129	129	129
Lease Expenses	(7,938)	(7,938)	(8,166)	(8,389)	(8,619)	(8,856)
Lease Interest Income ²	9,743	9,872	9,620	9,034	8,505	7,968
Total Non-aero Other Costs and Income	(41,200)	(67,295)	(81,102)	(92,948)	(94,702)	(103,973)
Non-Aero Remaining Revenues	\$ 132,767	\$ 99,321	\$ 80,357	\$ 75,157	\$ 82,265	\$ 84,405
 Excludes GASB 87 revenues classified in non-op Lease Interest Income budget as non-operating 						
YOY Revenues with GASB growth	3.1%	2.3%	0.8%	5.2%	5.7%	6.2%
YOY Expense growth	13.4%	8.4%	4.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
YOY Non-aero Other Costs and Income	-19%	63%	21%	15%	2%	10%
YOY Non-aero Remaining Revenues	-0.7%	-25.2%	-19.1%	-6.5%	9.5%	2.6%

Decline of Remaining Non-Aero Revenues



CFC = Customer Facility Charge **GASB** = Government Accounting Standards Board

2026–2030 Financial Forecast Assumptions

Forecast Assumptions:	2026 Budget	2027	2028	2029	2030
Base O&M growth	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
Expenditure Growth ¹	4.4%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%
Enplanement growth	1.7%	1.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.8%
Capital Expenditures (\$ in millions) ²	852	993	849	621	439
Non-airline revenue growth	-0.4%	3.4%	4.9%	5.4%	5.9%
Bond Interest Rate	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%	5.25%
Amortization Rate	4.3%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Interest Earnings Rate	3.3%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Debt Service (\$ in millions)					

¹ Expenditure growth includes allocation from Central Services

² Capital Expenditures include public expenses, airport funded corporate and EDD capital projects

[•] Expenditure growth differs from base O&M growth because Expenditure growth includes one-time items such as environmental remediation and airline realignment expenses

2026-2030 Financial Forecast Metrics

 Budget 2026	Forecast 2027			orecast 2028	F	orecast 2029	Forecast 2030		
1.56		1.48		1.42		1.41		1.37	
18		18		18		18		18	
\$ 21.11	\$	24.31	\$	26.06	\$	27.91	\$	30.40	
\$ 21.72	\$	22.61	\$	23.78	\$	25.01	\$	26.30	
\$ 236	\$	268	\$	293	\$	308	\$	312	
\$ 55,572	\$	60,200	\$	61,616	\$	63,849	\$	32,007	
\$ 50,272	\$	49,323	\$	51,687	\$	61,134	\$	32,518	
\$ 27,840	\$	76,850	\$	126,934	\$	174,447	\$	209,695	
\$ 852,371	\$	993,458	\$	849,302	\$	621,320	\$	438,924	
\$ 103,765	\$	97,350	\$	91,200	\$	98,972	\$	102,195	
27,031		27,517		27,737		27,959		28,182	
1.7%	.7% 1.8%			0.8%		0.8%		0.8%	
\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1.56 18 \$ 21.11 \$ 21.72 \$ 236 \$ 55,572 \$ 50,272 \$ 27,840 \$ 852,371 \$ 103,765	1.56 18 \$ 21.11 \$ \$ 21.72 \$ \$ 236 \$ \$ 55,572 \$ \$ 50,272 \$ \$ 27,840 \$ \$ 852,371 \$ \$ 103,765 \$	1.56 1.48 18 18 \$ 21.11 \$ 24.31 \$ 21.72 \$ 22.61 \$ 236 \$ 268 \$ 55,572 \$ 60,200 \$ 50,272 \$ 49,323 \$ 27,840 \$ 76,850 \$ 852,371 \$ 993,458 \$ 103,765 \$ 97,350	2026 2027 1.56 1.48 18 18 \$ 21.11 24.31 \$ 21.72 22.61 \$ 236 268 \$ 55,572 60,200 \$ 50,272 49,323 \$ 27,840 76,850 \$ 852,371 993,458 \$ 103,765 97,350	2026 2027 2028 1.56 1.48 1.42 18 18 18 \$ 21.11 24.31 26.06 \$ 21.72 22.61 23.78 \$ 236 268 293 \$ 55,572 60,200 61,616 \$ 50,272 49,323 51,687 \$ 27,840 76,850 126,934 \$ 852,371 993,458 849,302 \$ 103,765 97,350 91,200	2026 2027 2028 1.56 1.48 1.42 18 18 18 \$ 21.11 24.31 26.06 \$ 21.72 22.61 23.78 \$ 236 268 293 \$ 55,572 60,200 61,616 \$ 50,272 49,323 51,687 \$ 27,840 76,850 126,934 \$ 852,371 993,458 849,302 \$ 103,765 97,350 91,200 27,031 27,517 27,737	2026 2027 2028 2029 1.56 1.48 1.42 1.41 18 18 18 18 \$ 21.11 \$ 24.31 \$ 26.06 \$ 27.91 \$ 21.72 \$ 22.61 \$ 23.78 \$ 25.01 \$ 236 \$ 268 \$ 293 \$ 308 \$ 55,572 \$ 60,200 \$ 61,616 \$ 63,849 \$ 50,272 \$ 49,323 \$ 51,687 \$ 61,134 \$ 27,840 \$ 76,850 \$ 126,934 \$ 174,447 \$ 852,371 \$ 993,458 \$ 849,302 \$ 621,320 \$ 103,765 \$ 97,350 \$ 91,200 \$ 98,972	2026 2027 2028 2029 1.56 1.48 1.42 1.41 18 18 18 18 \$ 21.11 \$ 24.31 \$ 26.06 \$ 27.91 \$ \$ 21.72 \$ 22.61 \$ 23.78 \$ 25.01 \$ \$ 236 \$ 268 \$ 293 \$ 308 \$ \$ 55,572 \$ 60,200 \$ 61,616 \$ 63,849 \$ \$ 50,272 \$ 49,323 \$ 51,687 \$ 61,134 \$ \$ 27,840 \$ 76,850 \$ 126,934 \$ 174,447 \$ \$ 852,371 \$ 993,458 \$ 849,302 \$ 621,320 \$ \$ 103,765 \$ 97,350 \$ 91,200 \$ 98,972 \$	

- Debt service coverage decreases between 1.35x and 1.37x in 2030-2032 and will increase to 1.40x in 2033.
- Debt Service Coverage is based on the Airport only calculation per Signatory Lease Operating Agreement (SLOA).

ADF = Airport Development Fund **CFC** = Customer Facility Charge

CPE = Cost Per Enplanement **O&M** = Operating & Maintenance

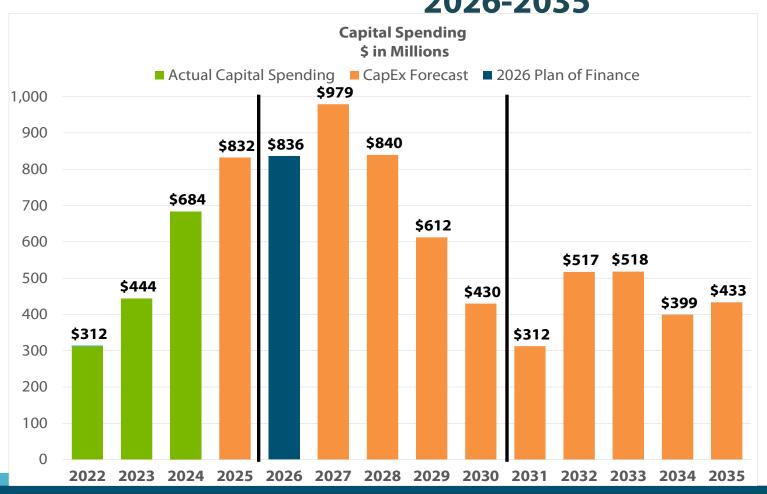
PFC = Passenger Facility Charge

2026 – 2030 CAPITAL FORECAST



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\$5.9B AV Capital Program over 10 Years 2026-2035



\$5.9B AV CIP Spending

- \$3.7B CIP spending forecast in first 5-year (2026-2030) period
- \$2.2B CIP spending forecast in second 5-year (2031-2035) period

\$300M CIP reduction in 2026 POF versus 2025 POF

- 2026 POF CIP is \$6B over 10 years compared to \$6.3B over the same 10 years in the 2025 POF CIP
- Around 66% of first 5-year capital spending is from Mega projects with a budget of \$300M or more
- 10-year forecast includes \$290M for Sustainable Airport Master Plan (SAMP) Preliminary Planning & Design

CIP = Capital Improvement Program

POF = Plan of Finance

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2026 – 2030 Capital Project Forecast Summary

	Cash Flows (Figures in \$000s)											
							2026 - 30					
	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	TOTAL					
Mega Projects												
S Concourse Evolution	39,529	137,762	278,951	211,427	218,638	218,638	1,065,415					
Baggage Optimization	14,551	120,752	160,897	163,553	103,907	33,452	582,561					
2026-2030 Airfield Pavement Program	5,400	71,507	76,662	82,937	81,666	74,320	387,093					
Main Terminal Improvement	526	836	100,000	100,000	50,000	-	250,836					
C Concourse Expansion	129,188	119,813	11,568	-	-	-	131,381					
SEA Gateway	150,483	96,470	20,327	-	-	-	116,797					
Subtotal - Mega Projects	339,677	547,140	648,404	557,917	454,210	326,410	2,534,082					
Other Capital Projects	485,383	393,359	243,986	123,837	86,138	59,115	906,436					
SAMP Preliminary Planning / Design	7	-	3,494	37,418	37,514	35,203	113,629					
Proposed New Projects	6,837	8,673	1,560	58	-	-	10,291					
CIPs Reserves	-	24,758	26,499	37,457	34,157	8,819	131,690					
Subtotal	492,227	426,790	275,540	198,770	157,809	103,137	1,162,046					
CIP Cashflow Adj Reserve	-	(138,044)	55,217	82,826	-	-	0					
Total Proposed CIP	831,904	835,887	979,162	839,513	612,019	429,546	3,696,127					

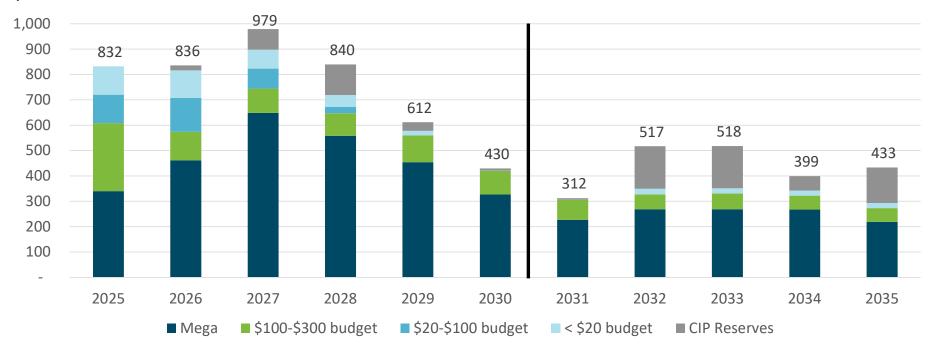
^{• 2026} capital spending has been reduced by \$138M CIP Cashflow Adjustment and moved to 2027 and 2028. CIP Cashflow Adjustment was implemented to adjust CIP cashflows to better reflect expected project spending trends in aggregate. This adjustment affects the timing of spending only.

CIP = Capital Improvement Program **SAMP** = Sustainable Airport Master Plan

SEA = Seattle-Tacoma International Airport **AFLD PVMNTS** = Airfield Pavements

Mega Projects Drive Capital Program

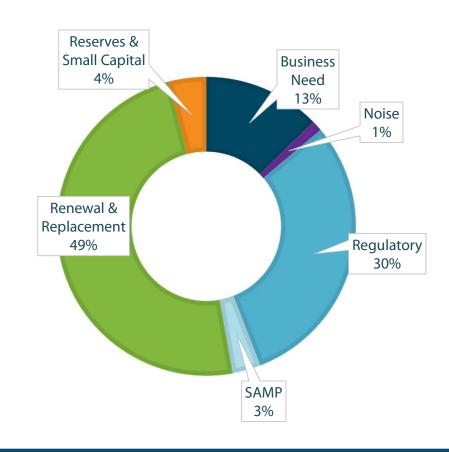
\$ in Millions



- Total 2026-2030 mega projects of \$2.5B include Baggage Optimization, C Concourse, SEA Gateway, S Concourse Evolution and Airfield Pavement, and Main Terminal Renovation
- 10-year CIP Reserves of \$670M
- Spending forecast includes Sustainable Airport Master Plan Preliminary Planning & Design for \$114M
- Excludes other divisions' projects funded by the airport

2026 – 2030 Capital Forecast

Category	Number of Projects*	Total 5-year Cash Flow*
Regulatory & Contractual	18	\$1.1B
Renewal & Replacement	57	\$1.8B
Business Needs	32	\$470M
Noise	4	\$42M
SAMP Design Pre-approval in SLOA Agreement	1	\$114M
Reserves & Small Capital	7	\$151M
TOTAL	119	\$3.7B



^{*}Excludes other divisions' projects funded by the airport

Summary of Proposed New Projects

						Cash Flows (Figures in \$000s)							
												2026-2030	Total
Justification	Category	CIP	Description		Cost Estimate	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	Total	Cashflows
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802126	PC AHU Replacement		4,065	160	3,500	405	-	-	-	3,905	4,065
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802123	Checkpoint Security Grill		2,700	150	1,337	1,155	58	-	-	2,550	2,700
Business Need	Business Need	C802119	Master Park Landlord Improv		1,800	1,465	335	-	-	-	-	335	1,800
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802130	BRITE Replace 16L 16R		1,800	800	1,000	-	-	-	-	1,000	1,800
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802127	Pumphouse Valve & Vent Replace		1,700	160	1,540	-	-	-	-	1,540	1,700
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802114	Employee Parking Lot C improve		1,300	726	573	-	-	-	-	573	1,299
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802115	Rubber Removal Truck		1,150	1,150	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,150
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802113	Toll Plaza Drain Channel Repla		776	568	208	-	-	-	-	208	776
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802128	Parking Garage Dry Standpipe		500	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	500
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802122	Access Control Mezzanine Doors		489	489	-	-	-	-	-	-	489
Business Need	Business Need	C802117	JetBlue Zone 2 Ticketing CUSE		359	180	180	-	-	-	-	180	360
Asset Stewardship	Renewal Replacement	C802120	Swale Pond Improvement		350	350	-	-	-	-	-	-	350
				Total	16,989	6,698	8,673	1,560	58	-	-	10,291	16,989

Aviation 2026-2030 Capital Budget Key Takeaways

Financial Forecast

- Consistent non-aero revenue growth but future revenue impacts from tenant turnover and capital projects
- Debt service coverage at 1.56x in 2026
- 6% O&M growth rate starting in 2027
- 18 months of O&M cash on hand in 2026
- CPE forecast for 2026 is \$21.10

Capital Forecast

- \$3.7B capital spending over the next five years
- 12 new capital projects totaling \$10.3M in spending over the next five years

QUESTIONS?



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APPENDIX



18

5-year Forecast Landing Fee, FIS Fee, Apron Fee and Terminal Rate

	P	Actual		Budget	Budget			orecast	F	orecast	F	orecast	Forecast		
		2024		2025		2026		2027		2028	2029			2030	
Landing Fee	\$	5.27	\$	4.89	\$	5.15	\$	5.41	\$	5.61	\$	5.89	\$	6.38	
FIS Fee	\$	16.15	\$	17.05	\$	16.28	\$	15.08	\$	15.40	\$	16.51	\$	17.93	
Apron Fee	\$	0.69	\$	0.80	\$	0.83	\$	1.01	\$	1.05	\$	1.17	\$	1.29	
Terminal Rate	\$	157.90	\$	151.54	\$	167.69	\$	198.48	\$	216.68	\$	231.52	\$	253.50	

2026-2030 PFC Forecast

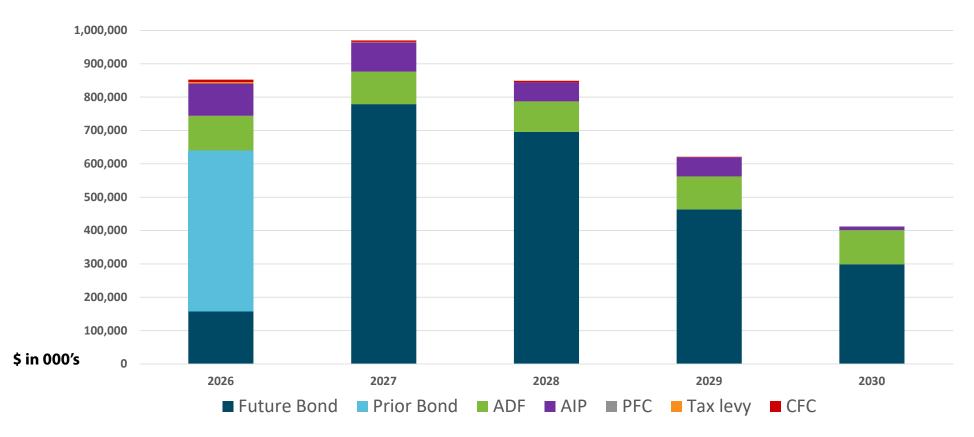
	 Budget 2026	Forecast 2027	Forecast 2028	Forecast 2029	Forecast 2030
Available PFCs to Spend					
Beginning Balance	\$ 51,031,638	\$ 55,572,317	\$ 60,199,644	\$ 61,616,368	\$ 63,848,943
Collections	\$ 102,053,053	\$ 103,886,593	\$ 104,717,687	\$ 105,555,427	\$ 106,399,871
Interest income	 2,487,626	1,594,589	1,649,173	1,671,718	1,702,488
PFC Revenues	\$ 104,540,679	\$ 105,481,182	\$ 106,366,860	\$ 107,227,145	\$ 108,102,359
Available PFC Revenues	\$ 155,572,317	\$ 161,053,499	\$ 166,566,504	\$ 168,843,513	\$ 171,951,301
Interest income rate	3.25%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%	2.00%
PFC - USAGE					
Revenue Bond DS Offset:					
Third Runway	\$ 31,029,619	\$ 31,027,282	\$ 31,025,321	\$ 31,023,868	\$ 40,137,624
Baggage - Existing	-	-	-	-	-
STS/STEP	5,191,571	5,208,447	5,196,651	5,179,368	4,254,360
IAF	31,440,223	33,593,239	37,950,162	38,194,412	37,956,642
NSAT - Building	26,305,546	24,991,211	24,797,458	24,654,412	24,653,844
NSAT - Apron	3,493,041	3,493,676	3,440,544	3,402,510	3,402,221
NSAT - PLB	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,550,000	1,550,000
NSAT - GUTL	990,000	990,000	990,000	990,000	990,000
Future Project	-	-	-	-	-
Total (B)	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,853,854	\$ 104,950,136	\$ 104,994,570	\$ 112,944,690
Pay-Go PFC spending:					
Total Pay-Go PFC spending (C)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,000,000
Total PFC Usage (A+B+C)	\$ 100,000,000	\$ 100,853,854	\$ 104,950,136	\$ 104,994,570	\$ 139,944,690
Ending Balance	\$ 55,572,317	\$ 60,199,644	\$ 61,616,368	\$ 63,848,943	\$ 32,006,611

- \$100M of PFC funds budgeted in 2026 for debt service offset
- \$56M year end balance forecasted in 2026
- Future application will spend down the balance for Pay-Go

NSAT = North Satellite **PFC** = Passenger Facility Charge

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2026 – 2030 Capital Funding Plan



Includes CIPs from Central Services and other divisions of \$59M

ADF = Airport Development Fund **AIP** = Airport Improvement Plan

CFC = Customer Facility Charge **CIP** = Capital Improvement Plan

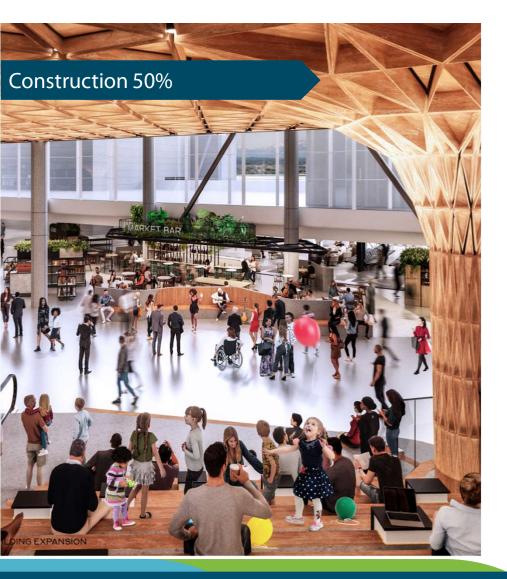
PFC = Passenger Facility Charge

Proposed New Project Descriptions

- **PC AHU Replacement:** 16 PC Air Handling Units (AHUs) have burst heating coils. These units provides heating from Central Mechanical Plant (CMP) so pilots do not use jet-fuel powered aircraft auxiliary power units.
- <u>Checkpoint Security Grill:</u> Checkpoint 4 security gate has had repeated maintenance issues, causing injuries to staff.
- Master Park Landlord Improvement: Reimburse Master Park for pre-possession improvements.
- **BRITE Replacement 16L & 16R:** Project will purchase the materials needed for the autonomous LED in-pavement runway guard lights for RWY 16L and 16R.
- <u>Pumphouse Valve & Vent</u>: Four pump valves need to be replaced immediately to comply with NFPA-25 code churn testing and prevent potential fines.
- <u>Employee Parking Lot C Improvement</u>: Per lease agreement, this project will complete tasks that were not part of the property owner's responsibilities to have the site operational for employee parking.
- <u>Rubber Removal Truck Purchase</u>: Purchase one rubber removal truck to remove rubber that accumulates from plane landing. Rubber removal helps with operations as it reduces friction of the runways.

Proposed New Project Descriptions (cont'd)

- <u>Toll Plaza Drainage Replacement</u>: This project will replace two channel drains at the Toll Plaza exit booths that have been deteriorating, sections of which have already failed.
- <u>Parking Garage Dry Standpipe</u>: Replace two (2) and modify three (3) dry fire suppression standpipe systems located within the parking garage, ensuring full compliance with NFPA-25 standards.
- Access Control on Mezzanine Doors: This project will install access control and cameras for three sets of doors on the mezzanine level of the Main Terminal. This project aims to prevent unauthorized access.
- <u>JetBlue Zone 2 Ticketing CUSE</u>: Per SLOA Renewal, JetBlue does not qualify for Preferential Gate. This project will replace the JetBlue preferential ticket counters in Zone 2 ticketing with Portstandard CUSE ticket counters and equipment.
- <u>Swale Pond Improvement</u>: Stormwater quality treatment improvement required to meet the NPDES permit with the WA DOE for the Swale ponds.



Concourse C Expansion

Scope: Add 4 floors to the existing 3-floor C1 Building. Includes: Airport Dining and Retail space, office space, and lounge space, amenities such as nursing room, meditation room, and sensory room.

Authorized Program Budget: \$400M

Schedule: Q2 2026

Design Complete Q1 2023 Early Work Packages Start Q2 2022 Full Construction Starts Q2 2023 Substantial Completion Q2 2026





SEA Gateway/North Main Terminal Redevelopment Program

Scope: Alaska Airlines is designing and constructing a tenant reimbursement agreement program to redevelop their Ticketing and other support areas of the Main Terminal to improve passenger check-in, bag drop, and security screening capacity.

Authorized Program Budget: \$546M

Schedule: Q1 2021 - Q2 2026

Design Start: Q3 2021

Phase A Construction: Q3 2022 – Q4 2025(Bridge/Promenade & Baggage Claim)

 Phase B Construction: Q3 2023 – Q3 2026 (Ticketing, Mezzanine & Checkpoint 5)

SEA = Seattle-Tacoma International Airport

100% Construction Complete



Concourse A Building Expansion for Lounges Project

Scope: Tenant Reimbursement Agreement project with Delta Air Lines to design and construct a building addition at the end of the A Concourse that will house a new Delta Sky Club, a new Delta One lounge, and an expanded shared-use lounge Club @ SEA.

Authorized Project Budget: \$142.6M

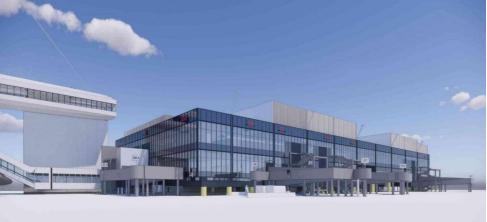
Schedule: Q2 2021 – Q3 2025

Construction Q3 2022 - Q3 2025

TCO - 6/17/2025

60% Design In Progress





S Concourse Evolution

Scope: This project will seismically and structurally strengthen the South Concourse, complete the effort of bringing all its building systems up to date, completely replace the lower-level FIS facility, and remodel and expand the retail, dining, and club space on the upper floors of the facility.

Target Estimated Budget Range: \$1.9B - \$2.5B

Schedule: Q4 2021 - TBD

Design Begin Q3 2023 Construction NTP Q3 2025 Substantial Completion TBD



Main Terminal Improvements Program

Targeted Estimated Program Budget: \$400M

Current Scope: Includes limited infrastructure work, replacement, update, and addition of building life safety systems and associated architectural elements in the Main Terminal of SEA.

Program Schedule TBD

PDD = Project Definition DocumentSEA = Seattle-Tacoma International Airport

In TRA Negotiations



Concourse A Duty Free

Scope: Design and construct a walk-through Duty Free on Concourse A, adjacent to the new IAF exit for connecting passengers. This 11,000 sq. ft. project will be delivered via a Tenant Reimbursement Agreement (TRA).

Target Estimated TRA Budget: \$46M-\$72M

Schedule: Q3 2024 - Q4 2027

In TRA negotiations until Q4 2025 Design Completion Q1 2027 Construction Q1 2027– Q2 2028



COMMISSION AGENDA MEMORANDUM

BRIEFING ITEM Date of Meeting October 28, 2025

Item No.

11c

DATE: October 9, 2025

TO: Stephen Metruck, Executive Director

FROM: Elizabeth Morrison, Director, Corporate Finance

Scott Bertram, Manager, Corporate Finance

SUBJECT: Briefing on the Tax Levy and Draft Plan of Finance for 2026-2030

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This briefing is intended to inform the Commission's decision on the amount of the tax levy for the 2026 budget year and to inform the Commission on the Port's funding of its 2026-2030 Capital Investment Plan (CIP) - the Draft Plan of Finance.

BACKGROUND

Ports in Washington State have authority to levy taxes on property within the port district, within certain statutory limits; the Port may use this strategic resource for any allowable port purpose other than the payment of revenue bond debt service. As part of the Port's budget process, the Commission establishes the amount of taxes to be levied within the Port district for the budget year. Staff will provide information on the uses of the tax levy and will seek Commission guidance on the establishment of the 2026 tax levy amount and uses. For the 2025 budget, the Commission authorized a levy of \$88.39 million. The Draft Plan of Finance incorporates a levy amount of \$90.18 million (a 2.0% increase) based on the Port's policy of using 75% of the maximum amount the Port is allowed to levy within statutory limits.

As part of the annual budget process, staff provides a Draft Plan of Finance that is updated each year for the subsequent five-year CIP and provides information on the funding sources available to support the CIP. The Draft Plan of Finance is intended to illustrate the Port's capacity to fund investments based on the projected available resources. Because it incorporates the 2026 operating budgets and forecasts and the tax levy, decisions made as part of the budget process affect funding resources. Staff has developed a Draft Plan of Finance for the Airport as a self-funding enterprise. The Port's non-Airport operations – Maritime, Economic Development and the Port's participation in the Northwest Seaport Alliance (NWSA) - share funding resources and the Draft Plan of Finance incorporates funding for both Port and NWSA CIPs.

Meeting Date: October 28, 2025

ATTACHMENTS TO THIS BRIEFING

(1) Presentation – Tax Levy and Draft Plan of Finance 2026-2030

PREVIOUS COMMISSION ACTIONS OR BRIEFINGS

October 28, 2025 – Aviation Division CIP

October 14, 2025 – Maritime and EDD CIP and Operating Budgets Briefing, Aviation Division Operating Budget Briefing

September 23, 2025 – 2026 Central Services Preliminary Budget and Portwide Rollup Briefing June 17, 2025 – Commission Budget Retreat

Item No.

11c_supp

Date of Meeting: October 28, 2025

Draft Plan of Finance 2026-2030 and Tax Levy Briefing

October 28, 2025



1

Overview

- Tax Levy
- Draft Plan of Finance
- Appendix

2026 Budget Process

2026 Budget Development

(June-August)

Budget Briefings

(September-October) Plan of Finance and Tax Levy Briefing

(October 28)

Introduction & Public Hearing for 2026 Budget

(November 11)

Adoption of 2026 Budget

(November 18)

Operating and Capital Budget Reviews roll-up into Plan of Finance and Port-wide Budget

Tax Levy Background and Update

2026 Preliminary Budget October 28, 2025



Bottom Line Up Front

Stay the Course in 2026:

- Maintain steady levy increase to improve position for future needs
- No extraordinary needs in 2026

Prepare for the Future:

- Monitor and plan for environmental remediation
- Continue to use the levy as a strategic credit strength for access to capital markets

Tax Levy Background

- Port establishes dollar amount of tax levy annually up to the statutory maximum
- Maximum levy increases an estimated 2% per year
- Levy can be used for any Port purpose except paying revenue bonds debt service
 - Commission can limit levy uses
- General Obligation (G.O.) bonds can be used instead of levy cash
 - G.O. bond debt service is the first claim on the levy

Port Levy Details	2025	2026 Assumption
Levy amount	\$88.4M	\$90.2M
Maximum levy	117.9M	120.2M
Percent of total levies in King County (est.)	1.1%	N/A

Responsibly Managing the Tax Levy

- Levy Uses focus on spending that returns community benefits rather than financial benefits
 - Environment
 - Community
 - Regional transportation
 - Capital investments





Levy Policies

Annual levy set at 75% of maximum levy

Retain 25% of annual levy as cash

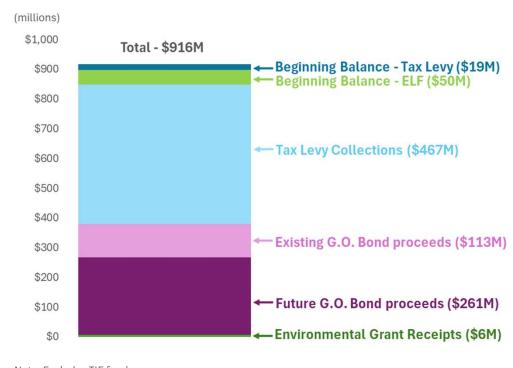
G.O. Bond debt service no more than 75% of annual levy

Tax Levy & Related Funds

- In addition to the tax levy fund, the Commission has established other related funds that are funded by the tax levy
- These funds are restricted by Port policy, not law, and currently include:
 - Environmental Legacy Fund (ELF) established in 2023 to provide funding for legacy environmental liabilities. Will be used in combination with G.O. Bonds
 - Transportation & Infrastructure Fund (TIF) established in 2010 to provide funding for the Port's various regional transportation commitments. TIF is a stand-alone fund that fully funds current obligations
- The Port is also able to issue **General Obligation (G.O. Bonds)**. The proceeds of the bond sale can be used in lieu of levy cash
 - GO Bond debt service is paid from tax levy fund

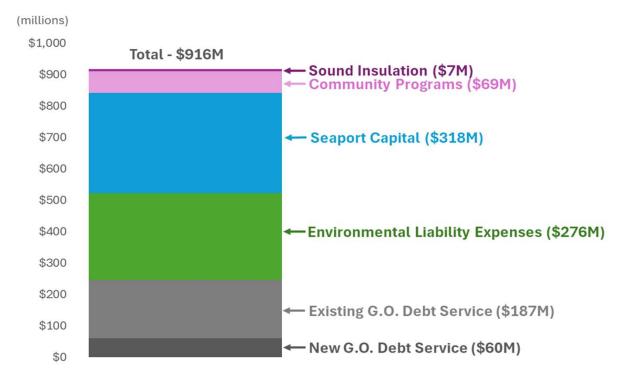
Sources of Tax Levy & Related Funding 2026-2030

- Future tax levy collections based on ~2% annual levy growth; annual levy set at 75% of maximum allowable
- \$113M of existing GO Bond proceeds from issuances in 2022 and 2024
- Forecasts assume \$261M of additional GO Bonds issue over the next 5 years to support capital investments and rising environmental costs



Note: Excludes TIF funds

Uses of Tax Levy & Related Funding 2026-2030



- Existing GO Bonds DS includes both Seaport capital investments and SR-99 tunnel contribution
- Environmental costs are projected to continue well past 2030, but are fully funded with levy resources including G.O. bonds
- Assumes continuation of levy funded Community Programs at ~\$13M annually

Note: Excludes TIF spending

The Environment and the Tax Levy

Legacy Costs and the Tax Levy

- Commission Order established the ELF in 2023 to provide funding for legacy environmental liabilities; \$62 million deposited to date
- Staff recommends 2026 ELF deposit of \$5M from Levy
 - \$4M from reduced Levy funding need due to Maritime Innovation Center Grant
 - \$1M due to 2025 Interest Earnings in the Levy fund (unbudgeted)
- Legacy liabilities funding plan
 - The expected need is fully funded
 - ELF funding will be combined with G.O. bonds due to recent accounting rule changes that make bond funding advantageous

Port Businesses Invest in the Environment

- Operating revenues and grants fund many environmental initiatives, such as:
 - Airport industrial waste
 - Seaport stormwater management
 - Shore power
- Many capital projects include environmental components, e.g. LEED standards, asbestos removal
- Tax levy also supports:
 - Airport environmental programs ineligible for Airport funding:
 - Sustainable aviation fuels and Insulation Repair and Replacement Pilot Program

Tax Levy Summary and Recommendations

- Continue to manage the tax levy in a way that provides financial resilience and supports the Port's strong credit over the long-term
- Increase the 2026 tax levy to \$90.18 million
- Contribute additional \$5 million to ELF from the Tax Levy fund in 2026

Draft Plan of Finance 2026-2030

2026 Preliminary Budget October 28, 2025



Bottom Line Up Front

- <u>Financial Stewardship</u>: Managing within established financial policies provides a foundation for the future; supports strong credit ratings and access to capital
- Future Resiliency: Decisions today affect the Port's future
- Prioritize interests:

The Port can have anything (1) it wants, but not everything it wants

(1) Within its legal limitations

The Draft Plan of Finance

The Draft Plan of Finance is a funding plan for the Port's five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP)

- A tool for the Commission to inform the budget process and longterm capital investment decisions
 - Flexible tool that is updated as circumstances change
 - Plan is developed based on a sustainable financial model
- An important tool for investors
 - Gauge the future financial health of the Port
 - Provides insight into Port's approach to financial stewardship

Funding Resiliency

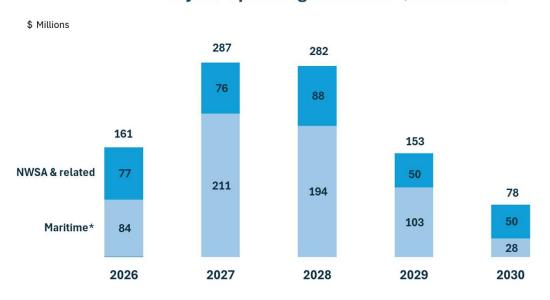
- Establish financial guardrails to manage uncertainty
- Provides a cushion for income variability

	Minimum Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage	Minimum Fund Balance
Airport	1.40x ⁽¹⁾	18 months
Seaport	1.80x	12 months

⁽¹⁾ Calculation for rates and charges may differ from the calculation for bond compliance

Seaport Capital Spending (2026-2030)

5-year Spending Forecast - \$961 million



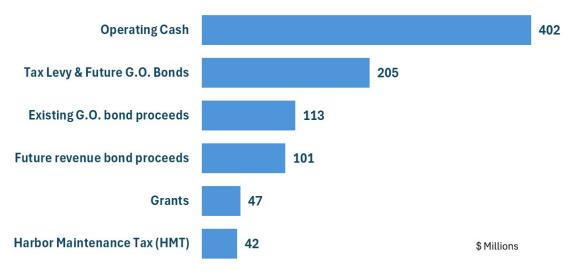
* Includes \$12M of allocated Central Services CIP

- Maritime \$608M
 - 58% in design or construction
 - \$55M (9% of CIP) reserves
- NWSA \$340M includes
 - Port's 50% share of NWSA CIP \$228M
 - Projects related to NWSA \$113M
- 2025-2029 CIP was \$945 million
- Stormwater Utility is self-funded and not included in the Draft Plan of Finance

Approximately \$50M of the Seaport CIP may need to be deferred due to funding constraints

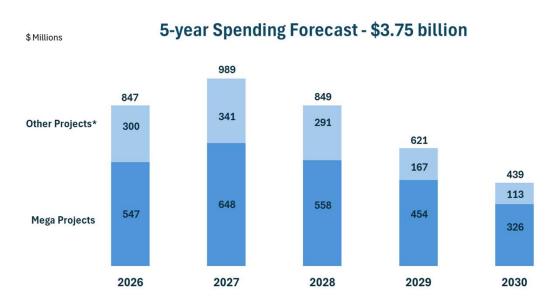
Seaport Capital Funding (2026-2030)

5-year Funding Forecast - \$911 million



- 55% of funding from operating sources:
 - Includes cash funding and revenue bonds paid from operating cash
 - Decrease in existing revenue bond debt service provides funding capacity
- 35% is from tax levy related sources:
 - Tax levy cash
 - G.O. bonds paid by the tax levy (some bonds will be used to fund environmental liabilities)
- 10% from other sources including grants and Harbor Maintenance Tax (HMT)/WRRDA
 - Funding sources limited to eligible projects

Airport Capital Spending (2026-2030)

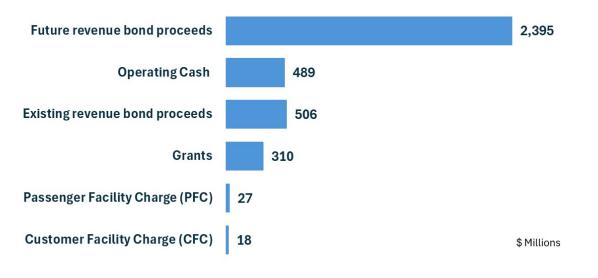


* Includes \$49M of allocated Central Services CIP

- Airport is a self-supporting enterprise
- 84% in design or construction
- \$132M (3.5% of CIP) in reserves for unanticipated needs

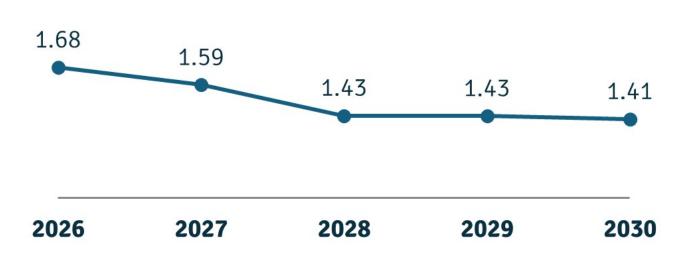
Airport Capital Funding (2026-2030)

5-year Funding Forecast - \$3.75 billion



- 91% funded from operating cash flow and revenue bonds
- \$310M capital grants (AIP, AIG, ATP)
 - S Concourse Evolution, Noise insulation projects, airfield pavement, others
- Other funding includes:
 - Customer Facility Charges after the payment of CFC eligible debt service
- Most PFC's are used to pay revenue bond debt service; remaining PFCs are available to cash fund capital

Port-wide Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage Forecast



- Represents all net income of the Port (including Airport and Seaport) divided by all revenue bond debt service
- Tax levy after payment of G.O. bond debt service adds to coverage
- Coverage informs debt and capital management and provides a measure of financial sustainability and is critical to investors and rating agencies
- Decreasing Port-wide DS coverage is driven by large Airport capital spending but is consistent with the Port's strong credit rating

Managing for a Successful Port of the Future

Risks to the Plan

- Business disruptions pandemic, recession
- Regulatory and legal requirements
- Federal funding uncertainty
- Aging infrastructure and unanticipated investments
- Limited flexibility to the CIP
- Looking beyond 2030
 - Airport and Seaport capital plans assume lower spending levels
 - Airport debt service coverage is at or below 1.40x

Mitigations

- Conservative budgeting provides upside potential
- Continued Demand for Airport and Cruise businesses
- Greater Cost certainty
 - Environmental Liabilities are being settled
 - Airport mega projects are being completed
- Resilient financial metrics
- · Begin efforts to increase capital capacity

Risk of over-optimism is greater than the risk of pessimism

Increasing Financial Capacity for the Port of the Future

Operating Expenses

continue efforts to reduce growth

Operating Revenues

explore opportunities to generate revenues (without significant capital investments)

Capital Development

review prioritization and delivery methods

Financial Management

- maintain strong credit and cost-effective debt issuance
- ensure rigorous evaluation of investments

2026 Finance Initiatives

- Issue revenue bonds to continue funding Airport CIP as needed
 Including potential variable rate debt
 - Including potential variable rate debt
- Monitor need for new G.O. bonds to support Seaport capital needs
- Monitor debt for refunding opportunities to generate savings
 - Potentially refund outstanding commercial paper issued to fund International Place office complex acquisition
- Renewal or replacement of expiring letter of credit

Appendix

2026 Preliminary Budget October 28, 2025



Contents

Pages	
27	Additional Tax Levy Information
45	Industrial Development District Levy & Tax Increment Financing Information
49	Airport and Seaport CIP and Funding
52	Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage and Credit Ratings

Port's Taxing Authority

Port taxing limitations: Port is limited by the most restrictive – currently the 1% limit

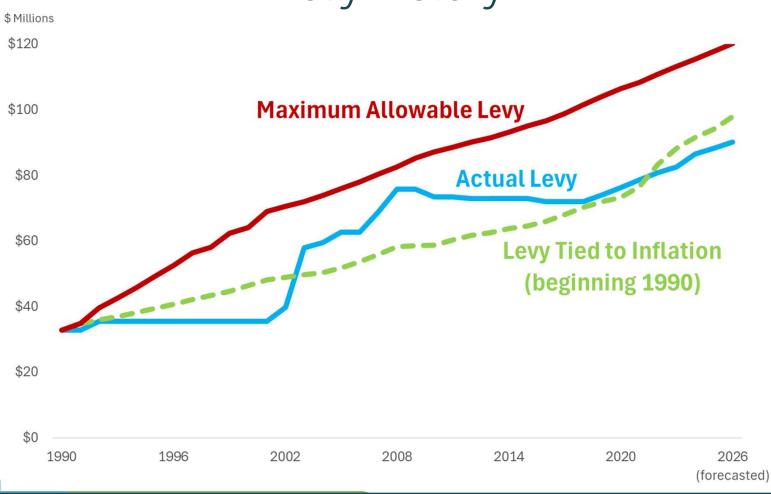
• 1% limit

- The maximum levy is increased each year by the 1% limit factor
- Prior year's maximum is increased by the lessor of 1% or inflation
- New construction is added
- The maximum levy for 2026 is estimated to be ~\$120.2 million

45 cent limit

- The amount of the tax levy in any given year is limited to 45 cents per \$1000 of assessed value
- For 2026, this limit would translate to ~\$406.7 million
- Excludes the amount needed to pay G.O. bond debt service

Levy History



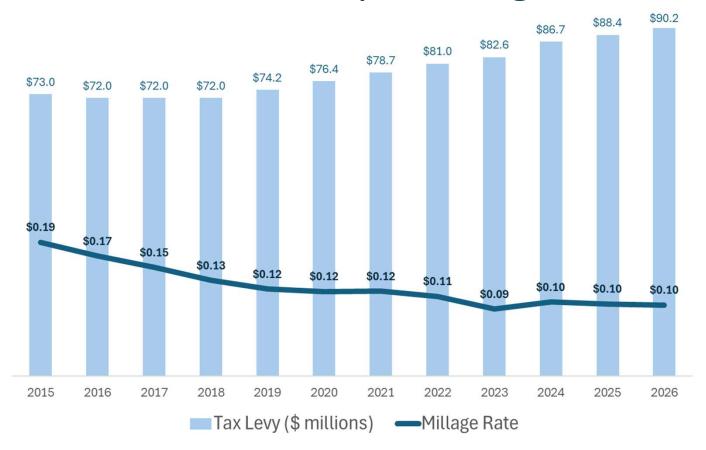
Current Levy Policies and Practices

- Manage General Obligation (G.O.) debt service to no more than 75% of the annual levy
- Capital investment criteria
- Pay for legacy environmental costs
- Limited Airport use costs ineligible for Airport funding per FAA
- Retain tax levy flexibility
 - The difference between the actual levy and the maximum reserves "dry powder" for future resiliency
 - Supports Port's strong credit ratings

Commission Established Levy Use Criteria for Capital Investments

Uses: Established in 2015, updated in 2018						
	Operating Cash	Tax Levy				
Asset Renewal	Business income sufficient to support investments	Economic benefit				
Strategic Initiatives	Short payback/ Self funding	No or long payback				
Location	South Harbor	North Harbor				

2015-2026 Tax Levy & Millage Rate (1)



(1) Millage rate represents the amount per every \$1,000 of assessed valuation

Taxpayer Impact

	2025	2026 preliminary
Tax Levy (\$ million)	88.4	90.2
Estimated millage rate (\$/1000)	0.1012	0.1000
Median home value (\$) (1)(2)	844,000	850,000
Estimated median home Port tax (\$)	\$85	\$85



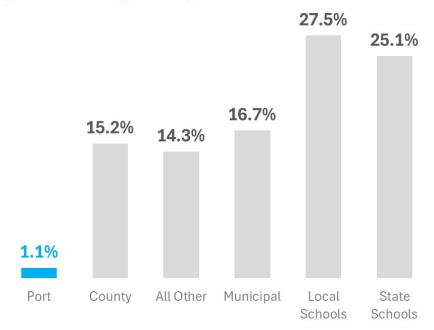
- (1) 2025 per King County; 2026 data is not yet available
- (2) 2024 median assessed value was \$761,000
- The Port's levy increases by 2.0% in 2026; preliminary assessed valuation for 2026 is ~\$904 billion (increase of 3.5%) thus the millage rate decreased slightly
- The Port's levy was approximately 1.1% of total property taxes levied in King County in 2025



Overall Taxpayer Impact – 2025

- Of the \$7.7 billion of property taxes paid in King County, about 1.1% goes to the Port
- In 2025, the median homeowner paid \$7,465 in total property tax with \$85 going to the Port

Only 1.1% of King County taxes went to the Port for 2025



Transportation and Infrastructure Fund (TIF)

TIF (\$ million)	202	6-2030	Post 2030		
Beginning Balance	\$	47.0	\$	18.7	
Transportation Investments		(28.3)		(6.2)	
Ending Balance		18.7		12.5	

Transportation Investments (\$ million)	<u>2026</u>	<u>2027</u>	<u>2028</u>	2029	<u>2030</u>	20	026-2030	Post	t 2030
Seattle Heavy Haul Network	\$ 3.3	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0	\$	11.3	\$	6.2
Fast Corridor II	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.8	\$ -	\$ -		0.8		-
Safe and Swift	1.2	-	-	-	-		1.2		-
Puget Sound Gateway (SR 509)	-	15.0	-	-	-		15.0		-
TOTAL	\$ 4.5	\$ 17.0	\$ 2.8	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0	\$	28.3	\$	6.2

TIF has provided funding for other regional transportation efforts, including:

- West Seattle Bridge
- FAST Corridor I
- South Park Bridge
- East Marginal Way Grade Separation

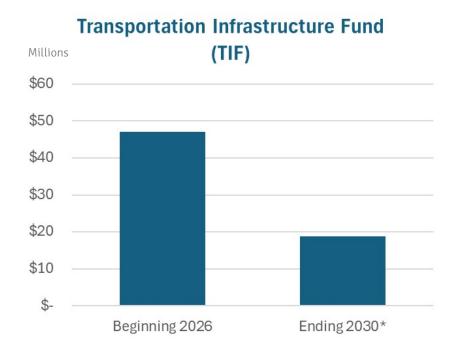
Environmental Legacy Fund (ELF)

ELF (\$ million)	202	6-2030	Po	st 2030
Beginning Balance	\$	50.2	\$	-
Additional Contribution (1)		5.0		-
Environmental Remediation Liabilities		(61.4)		(6.1)
Environmental Grant Receipts (2)		6.2		6.1
Ending Balance		-		-

- ELF was established in 2023 to provide funding for legacy environmental liabilities
- Funded an estimated \$21.1 million of Seaport environmental remediation efforts through 2025
- Environmental efforts include, but are not limited to:
 - Lower Duwamish Superfund
 - T-108 Chiyoda site
 - Terminal 25 South
 - Terminal 115 (Boeing Plant 1)
- (1) Assumes recommended \$5M contribution from the tax levy fund in 2026. Additional contributions will be reviewed on an annual basis.
- (2) Does not represent all assumed environmental costs during the forecast period. Additional environmental liabilities assumed to be funded with tax levy fund upon depletion of ELF.

Tax Levy Sub Fund Balances

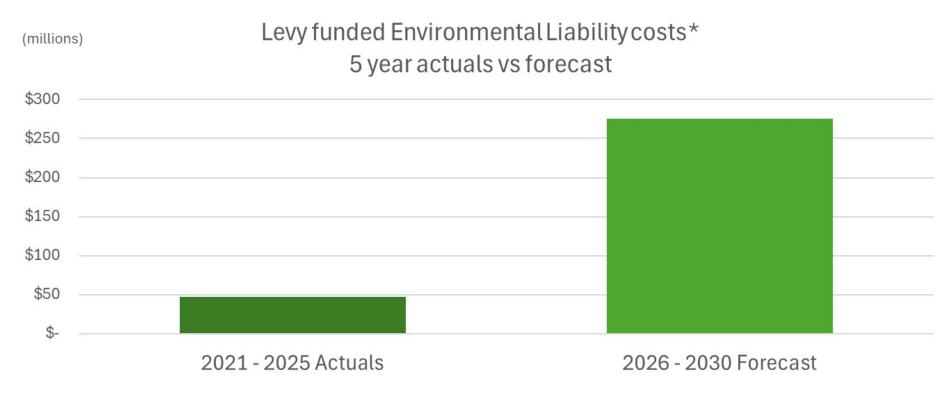
Established by the Commission to Prepare for Future Obligations





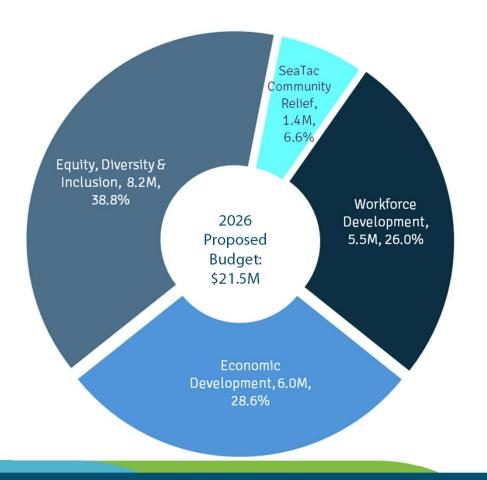
^{*} For future commitments, currently forecast at \$6.2M

Environmental Spending



^{*} Based on known liabilities only. Includes spending from tax levy, ELF and G.O. bond proceeds. Additional environmental remediation spending is expected beyond 2030

2026 Port Community Program Funding by Activity



Economic Development

- Diversity in Contracting -\$2.2M
- Tourism Marketing Support \$2.2M
- EDD Partnership Grants \$950K
- Spotlight Advertising \$518K
- Maritime Blue \$180K

Workforce Development

- Workforce Development Department \$5.0M
- High School Interns \$523K

Equity, Diversity & Inclusion

- South King and Port Communities Fund \$2.2M
- OEDI Department \$2.5M
- Friends of the Waterfront-\$2.0M
- Staff Costs supporting DVCEP & SKCCIF \$848K
- **Duwamish Community Equity program (DVCEP)** \$617K

SeaTac Community Relief - \$1.4M

Detailed list included in the Appendix.

2026 Proposed Community Programs

				2026	2026	% of the 2026 Budget
D (* ¢000)	2023	2024	2025	Proposed	Funded	Funded
Program (in \$000)	Budget 120	Budget	Budget	Budget	by the levy	by the levy 0.0%
1) Energy & Sustainability Fund		-	-	-	-	
2) Airport Community Ecology (ACE) Fund	40	40	40	- 2.405	- 2.405	0.0%
3) South King and Port Communities Fund	2,214	2,214	2,205	2,195	2,195	100.0%
4) Duwamish Valley Community Equity Program	462	471	619	617	617	100.0%
5) EDD Partnership Grants	850	950	950	950	950	100.0%
6) Tourism Marketing Support Program	1,830	1,875	2,154	2,177	920	42.3%
7) Airport Spotlight Ad Program*	466	466	518	518	518	100.0%
8) City of SeaTac Community Relief*	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	100.0%
9) Maritime Blue (formerly Maritime Innovation Center)	150	175	175	180	180	100.0%
10) Workforce Development	5,186	5,077	4,976	4,972	3,827	77.0%
a. Maritime Workforce Investments (formerly YMCL) 1	1,000	900	750	670	670	100.0%
b. Airport Employment Center	1,517	1,517	1,517	1,653	507	30.7%
11) High School Internship Program	457	486	520	523	290	55.4%
12) Diversity in Contracting ²	2,299	2,304	2,356	2,463	300	12.2%
a. Small Bus. Accelerator under SKCCIF ²	250	250	260	250	250	100.0%
b. DBE/ACDBE/WMBE Training Consultants & Outreach	50	50	50	50	50	100.0%
13) Equity, Diversity & Inclusion	1,767	2,065	2,459	2,540	230	9.1%
14) Seattle Aquarium Partnership	1,000	1,000	-	400	400	100.0%
15) Friends of the waterfront			750	2,000	2,000	100%
Sub Total	18,691	18,803	19,591	20,686	13,577	66%
Payroll charged to the Levy ³	433	589	781	848	848	100%
Grand Total	19,124	19,392	20,372	21,535	14,426	67%

Notes:

39

¹ Maritime Workforce Investments (formerly YMCL) budget rolls up to Workforce Development total (item 10).

^{2 \$250}K Small Business Accelerator under DIC is included in DIC total (Item 12) and SKCCIF (item 3).

^{3 2026} Payroll only for CPO & Ext. Rel. Other payroll from HS Interns, WFD, EDI are included in the individual items above.

^{*} Non-Operating Accounts

Community Programs Funded by Tax Levy

	2023 Budget	2024 Budget	2025	2026	Inc/(Dec) f	rom 2025
	Funded	Funded	Funded	Funded	Approve	d Budget
Program (in \$000)	by the levy	by the levy	by the levy	by the levy	\$ Change	% Change
1) South King and Port Communities Fund	2,214	2,214	2,205	2,195	(10)	-0.5%
2) Duwamish Valley Community Equity Program	462	471	619	617	(2)	-0.4%
3) EDD Partnership Grants	850	950	950	950	-	N/A
4) City of SeaTac Community Relief*	1,400	1,400	1,400	1,400	-	N/A
5) Maritime Blue (formerly Maritime Innovation Center)	150	175	175	180	5	2.8%
6) Workforce Development	3,785	3,863	3,762	3,827	66	1.7%
a. Youth Career Launch Program (formerly OYI) ¹	1,000	900	750	670	(80)	-11.9%
b. Airport Employment Center	303	303	303	507	204	40.2%
7) High School Internship Program	252	259	280	290	10	3.5%
8) Diversity in Contracting ²	300	300	310	300	(10)	-3.3%
a. Small Bus. Accelerator under SKCCIF ²	250	250	260	250	(10)	-4.0%
b. DBE/ACDBE/WMBE Training Consultants & Outreach	50	50	50	50	-	N/A
9) Equity, Diversity & Inclusion	138	203	226	230	4	1.9%
10) Seattle Aquarium Partnership	1,000	1,000	-	400	400	100.0%
11) Friends of the waterfront			750	2,000	1,250	62.5%
12) Other	1,108	806	1,608	1,438	(170)	-11.8%
Total	11,760	11,772	12,404	13,577	1,173	8.6%
Payroll charged to the Levy ³	433	580	781	848	67	7.9%
Grand Total	12,193	12,352	13,185	14,426	1,240	8.6%

¹ Maritime Workforce Investments (formerly YMCL) budget rolls up to Workforce Development total (item 6).

^{2 \$250}K Small Business Accelerator under DIC is included in DIC total (Item 5) and Skecir (Item 5).

^{3 2026} Payroll only for CPO & Ext. Rel. Other payroll from HS Interns, WFD, EDI are included in the individual items above.

^{*} Non-Operating Accounts

Major Capital Projects Funded with Levy/G.O. bonds

- T91 Berths 6&8 redevelopment and dock rehabilitation
- T91 Uplands development
- Fishermen's Terminal docks, buildings and site improvements
- East and West Waterway deepening
- NWSA North Harbor projects –
 50% share

Funding flexibility supports financial resilience

- Projects may be funded with either tax levy or G.O. bonds depending on funding availability
- Future funding availability may result in some projects being funded with the General Fund or Revenue Bonds



2025 Tax Levy Fund Sources and Uses

(\$ million)

SOURCES	OF	TAX	LEVY	FUNDS
----------------	-----------	------------	-------------	--------------

2025 Beginning Levy Fund Balance
Annual Tax Levy
Grants & Reimbursements
Investment Income

Total Sources

2025					
\$	39.4				
	88.4				
	3.8				
	0.9				
\$	132.4				

USES OF TAX LEVY FUNDS

G.O. bond debt service (existing)
Transfer to ELF
Non-Airport Capital Investments
Community Programs
NWSA Membership Interest Contribution - net
Other

Total Uses

\$ 113.8
1.5
5.0
14.2
15.6
32.0
\$ 45.5

Projected Ending 2025 Levy Fund Balance

\$ 18.6

Note: Excludes ELF and TIF

5-year Tax Levy Fund Sources and Uses

(\$ million)

SOURCES OF TAX LEVY & RELATED FUNDS		2026-2030	
Beginning Balance - Tax Levy	\$	19	
Beginning Balance - ELF		50	
Tax Levy Collections		467	
Existing GO Bond Proceeds		113	
Future GO Bond Proceeds		261	
Environmental Grant Receipts		6	

USES OF TAX LEVY & RELATED FUNDS

G.O. Bond Debt Service (existing)G.O. Bond Debt Service (new)Environmental Remediation Liability (Non-Airport)Seaport Capital Investments

Sound Insulation

Community Programs

Total Uses

Total Sources

2020	6-2030
\$	187
	60
	276
	318
	7
	69
\$	916

916

\$

Note: Excludes TIF

Airport and Seaport Benefit from the Tax Levy

Airport	Seaport
Certain Noise Mitigation Projects*	Legacy Environmental Remediation
City of Seatac Safety Payment under ILA (expires 2027)	Capital Investments (including G.O. Bonds)
Tourism	Tourism
Certain Community Programs	Certain Community Programs
Public Expense/Transportation Project	Public Expense/Transportation Project
Supports Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage	Supports Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage
Airport Spotlight program	

^{*} Includes Sound Insulation Repair and Replacement Pilot Program & Highline School District NOISE spending not eligible for airport funding

IDD Levy - Background

- Port can levy property tax within an Industrial Development District (IDD)
 - In addition to regular property tax
 - A port can form multiple districts
 - Coextensive with port district, or
 - Smaller area within the Port district
 - The Port already has two Industrial Development Districts
- Port can implement the levy twice Port of Seattle implemented first round in 1963
- Purpose is to provide for harbor improvements or industrial development of marginal lands
 - Broadly defined
 - Includes areas of poor planning or declining tax receipts

IDD Levy - Implementation

- Port may implement a second round based on a new formula
 - Maximum of ~\$2.5 billion over a period of up to 20 years
 - Average amount = ~\$125 million (for 20 years)
 - Port can establish a smaller IDD or collect a lesser amount, but cannot bank the unused capacity
- Process to implement
 - Publish notice by April 1 to begin collecting the next year
 - If within 90 days, a petition of 8% of voters (voting in the most recent gubernatorial election) opposes, the Port must hold a special election to approve the levy

IDD Levy Information: "Marginal lands" are defined to include property subject to the following (RCW 53.25.030) conditions:

- 1. An economic dislocation, deterioration, or disuse resulting from faulty planning.
- 2. The subdividing and sale of lots of irregular form and shape and inadequate size for proper usefulness and development.
- 3. The laying out of lots in disregard of the contours and other physical characteristics of the ground and surrounding conditions.
- 4. The existence of inadequate streets, open spaces and utilities.
- 5. The existence of lots or other areas which are subject to being submerged by water.
- 6. By a prevalence of depreciated values, impaired investments, and social and economic maladjustment to such an extent that the capacity to pay taxes is reduced and tax receipts are inadequate for the cost of public services rendered.
- 7. In some parts of marginal lands, a growing or total lack of proper utilization of areas, resulting in a stagnant and unproductive condition of land potentially useful and valuable for contributing to the public health, safety and welfare.
- 8. In other parts of marginal lands, a loss of population and reduction of proper utilization of the area, resulting in its further deterioration and added costs to the taxpayer for the creation of new public facilities and services elsewhere.
- 9. Property of an assessed valuation of insufficient amount to permit the establishment of a local improvement district for the construction and installation of streets, walks, sewers, water and other utilities.
- 10. Lands within an industrial area which are not devoted to industrial use but which are necessary to industrial development within the industrial area.

Tax Increment Financing

- RCW 39.114 allows certain jurisdictions to form Tax Increment Areas (TIA)
- Maximum area is \$200 million of assessed value
- Port taxes on any increase in assessed value goes to the TIA and not to the Port
- Approximately 40 jurisdictions can form TIAs within the Port's boundaries

- There are currently two active TIAs within King County; a third is being formed
- City of Bellevue is planning to form a TIA at \$500 million assessed value

Impact on Port Tax Levy		
	Port tax levy	
Budget Year	Diverted to TIAs \$	
2024	7,974	
2025	12,436	
2026	11,596	
Total	32,006	

Seaport CIP and Funding

	2026-2030		
Seaport CIP	(\$ million)		
Maritime	\$	608.1	
NWSA - 50% Share (North & South Harbor)		227.9	
NWSA - Reserve & Port Projects ⁽¹⁾		113.0	
Total	\$	949.1	
Allocated Central Services CIP		11.8	
Total Seaport Funded CIP	\$	960.9	

⁽¹⁾ Includes N. Harbor channel deepening and other 100% Port legacy costs in N. Harbor.

Note: totals may not add due to rounding

2026-2030 Seaport Funding Sources (\$ million)		
Operating Cash ⁽¹⁾	\$	402.4
Grants		46.7
Harbor Maintenance Tax (HMT)		42.5
Tax Levy & Future GO Bond Proceeds (2)		204.6
Existing G.O. bond proceeds		113.5
Future revenue bond proceeds		101.2
Total Seaport Funded CIP	\$	910.9

- (1) Includes non-airport income available after payment of revenue bond debt service.
- (2) Annual levy forecasted at 75% of the Port's maximum annual allowable levy.

Note: totals may not add due to rounding

Based on current forecast, approximately \$50M of the Maritime CIP may need to be deferred due to funding constraints

Airport CIP and Funding

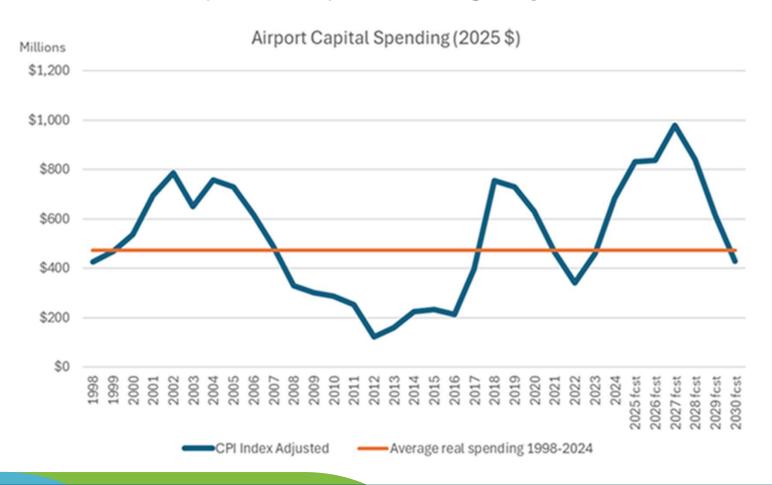
	20	26-2030
Airport CIP (\$ million)		million)
S Concourse Evolution	\$	1,065.4
Baggage Optimization		582.6
2026-2030 AFLD PVMNTS		387.1
Main Terminal Improvement		250.8
C Concourse Expansion		131.4
SEA Gateway		116.8
Other Capital Projects		906.4
SAMP Preliminary Planning/Design ⁽¹⁾		113.6
Proposed New Projects		10.3
CIP Reserves		131.7
TOTAL	\$	3,696.1
Allocated Central Services CIP		48.8
Total Airport Funded CIP	\$	3,744.9
(1) Sustainable Airport Master Dlan		
(1) Sustainable Airport Master Plan		
Note: totals may not add due to rounding		

Airport Funding Sources		2026-2030 (\$ million)	
Operating Cash ⁽¹⁾	\$	488.5	
Grants		310.4	
Passenger Facility Charge (PFC)		27.0	
Customer Facility Charge (CFC)		18.2	
Existing revenue bond proceeds		505.5	
Future revenue bond proceeds		2,395.2	
Total Airport Funded CIP	\$	3,744.9	

⁽¹⁾ Includes airport income available after payment of revenue bond debt service.

Note: totals may not add due to rounding

Airport Spending Cycles



Revenue Bond Debt Service Coverage

- Key metric of income available to pay debt service
 - Net income/debt service
- Management targets provide financial resilience
 - Airport 1.40x
 - Seaport 1.80x
- Legal obligation to investors
- Use of PFCs and CFCs to pay debt service improves coverage

Coverage Calculation			
	Airport & Non-Airport Revenues		
Minus	Expenses adjusted for tax levy (1)		
Equals	Available for debt service		
Divide	Debt service net of payment from PFCs and CFCs		
Equals	Debt Service Coverage		

(1) Tax levy net of G.O. bond debt service is deemed to reduce expenses

Existing Revenue Bond Debt Service Structured to Provide Future Flexibility

SENIOR, INTERMEDIATE, AND SUBORDINATE LIEN ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE*



^{*} Assumes level amortization of remaining subordinate lien debt 2025 through 2033 at assumed rate of 4.31%. Includes Series 2025 new money debt service. Excludes CP.

Current Credit Ratings

	<u>Fitch</u>	Moody's	<u>S&P</u>
General Obligation Bonds	AA-	Aaa	AA
First Lien Revenue Bonds	AA	Aa2	AA
Intermediate Lien Revenue Bonds	AA-	Aa3	AA-
Subordinate Lien Revenue Bonds	AA-	A1	A+
Fuel Hydrant Special Facility Bonds		A1	A+

In 2025 Moody's upgraded the Port's Intermediate and Subordinate Lien credits to Aa3 and A1, respectively

Noted Credit Strengths:

- Diverse asset and revenue base
- Airport's market position and enplanement levels
- Strong balance-sheet liquidity levels
- Conservative debt structure and healthy debt service coverage ratios
- Prudent management of the Tax levy including maintaining a cushion
- · Strong governance and management
- Long-range strategic and sustainability plans
- Vibrant and resilient area economy